

Republic of the Philippines PHILIPPINE HEALTH INSURANCE CORPORATION

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TH CIRCULAR

TO

ALL MEMBERS IN THE FORMAL ECONOMY, LIFETIME MEMBERS, SENIOR CITIZENS, ACCREDITED HEALTH CARE INSTITUTIONS, PHILHEALTH REGIONAL OFFICES, BRANCHES, LOCAL HEALTH INSURANCE OFFICES AND

ALL OTHERS CONCERNED

SUBJECT

Expansion of the Primary Care Benefit (EPCB) to Cover Formal

Economy, Lifetime Members and Senior Citizens (Revision 1)

I. **RATIONALE**

The Philippine Health Agenda aspires to achieve Universal Health Care by creating a health system that is equitable and inclusive to all; making sure that all Filipinos are provided essential health guarantees at every life stage. To accomplish this, the Department of Health (DOH) issued Administrative Order No. 2017-0024 "Guidelines in the Implementation of Philippine Health Agenda's (PHA) Check-Up Service for All Filipinos" which aims to ensure that primary health care guarantees for Filipinos are realized within each community. Primary health care guarantees refers to a package of population-based and individual-based services that the State commits to provide to all Filipinos, as defined in DOII's Administrative Order No. 2017-0012 "Guidelines on the Adoption of Baseline Primary Health Care Guarantees for All Filipinos".

In support of these DOH initiatives, PhilHealth also adopts strategies to respond to the growing health needs of its members. With the issuance of PhilHealth Circular No. 2017-0024 on the Adjustment in the Premium Contributions of the Employed Sector to Sustain the National Health Insurance Program, and budget allocation provisions in the 2018 General Appropriations Act (GAA), the existing Primary Care Benefit (PCB) which is currently provided by rural health units (RHUs)/urban health centers to the less privileged population is being expanded to cover the Formal Economy, Lifetime members and Senior Citizens.

Cognizant of the limitations of RHUs as providers of the PCB, especially in providing extended consultation hours, other health care institutions both private and government are now being engaged to ensure accessibility to the program.

OBJECTIVE

This Circular aims to provide guidelines on the expansion of PCB to the Formal Economy (Employed), Lifetime Members and Senior Citizens in PhilHealth accredited public and private Level 1, 2 and 3 hospitals, infirmaries/primary care facilities, Ambulatory Surgical Clinics (ASCs) and medical outpatient clinics.



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III. SCOPE

This Circular covers the expansion of the Primary Care Benefit to all eligible beneficiaries in the Formal Economy (employed), Lifetime members (retirees), and Senior Citizens... Parallel with this, the Corporation shall process accreditation of interested prospective public and private health care institutions (HCIs).

IV. **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

- A. Assignment (electronic) sign-in/registration of a PCB eligible member with their chosen EPCB HCI. This shall be required for all qualified PCB beneficiaries prior to benefit availment.
- B. Co-payment a fixed fee that a member is required to pay for consultation, laboratory/diagnostic intervention, and medicines at the time of visit.
- C. Health screening/assessment refers to the initial outpatient consultation.
- D. Medical Consultation a procedure whereby the physician reviews a patient's medical history, examines the patient, and makes recommendations as to care and treatment.
- E. Per Family Payment (PFP) computed reimbursement for PCB providers based on enlisted assigned and profiled health assessed and screened members and dependents.
- F. Registration confirmation of electronic assignment through personal appearance of a PCB eligible member with their chosen EPCB HCI.

V. GENERAL GUIDELINES

- A. All members under the Formal Economy (employed), Lifetime members, and Senior Citizens and their qualified dependents shall be eligible to avail of the expanded primary care benefit in accredited EPCB HCIs.
- B. The expanded PCB shall include health screening and assessment, diagnostic services, follow up consultations, and medicines. The health screening shall be based on life stage essential services as provided in DOH Administrative Order No. 2017-0012 (see Annex A). The drugs/medicines shall cover for the following disease conditions: AGE, UTI, Pneumonia low risk, Upper Respiratory Tract Infection, Asthma, Hypertension, Diabetes Mellitus Type II (see Annex B: Benefit Table).
- C. All Out-patient Department/Sections of accredited Level 1, 2 and 3 private and government hospitals shall be deemed accredited as EPCB HCI; provided that the requirements in Annexes C and I are satisfied.
- D. All non-hospital facilities such as but not limited to Ambulatory Surgical Clinics (ASCs), Infirmary/Primary Care Facilities (PCF), and non-DOH-licensed private medical outpatient clinics who are willing to be EPGB HCIs must comply with the accreditation standards specified in \triangle nnexes C and $L^{(M)$ decomposition)



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E. The benefit shall be at an average of Php 800.00 per family per year with fixed copayment. Risk based capitation fee for Senior Citizen and Lifetime members shall apply.

To illustrate:

Table 1: Sample computation for risk-based capitation fee

No. of newly assigned member		Risk-based capitation fee		
Senior Citizen/Life- time	Formal Economy	Senior Citizen/Life- (Php 900.00)	Formal Economy (Php 700.00)	Total PFP
750	750	675,000.00	525,000.00	1,200,000.00
700	500	630,000.00	350,000.00	980,000.00

- F. All existing eligibility rules for benefit availment shall apply.
- G. Members in the Indigent Sector, Sponsored, Organized Group and Land-based OFW who have previously been assigned, enlisted/registered in an accredited PCB HCI shall continue to avail of their benefit from their current provider (rural health units/health centers) as provided for in PhilHealth Circular No. 010, s. 2012 "Implementing Guidelines for Universal Health Care Primary Care Benefit 1 (PCB) Package for Transition Period CY 2012-2013" (as amended by PhilHealth Circular No. 2017-0033) unless a transfer has been requested. Transfer request forms shall be available at any accredited PCB HCI (see Annex D)? Sponsored and Indigent members requesting to be transferred to accredited private EPCB HCIs shall be allowed effective the following calendar year; provided they are willing to shoulder the fixed co-payment.
- H. Fixed co-payment shall apply in accordance to guidelines as provided for in this policy.
- The No Balance Billing (NBB) policy shall apply based on existing guidelines.
- All existing guidelines on Person with Disabilities (PWD) and Senior Citizens discount shall apply.

VI. SPECIFIC GUIDELINES

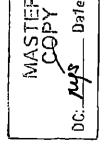
A. Assignment

1. This will be initiated by members or the employers on behalf of their respective employees at the start of the program or calendar year.

2. The assignment shall be done yearly and fixed for one calendar year. Transfer to another EPCB HCI may be allowed subject to submission of transfer request form and shall take effect on the following calendar year.

Partipplac Health Inturance Conversion 3. Members from the Formal Economy (employed) Senior Citizens and Lifetime members who opt to be assigned in rural health units/health centers shall be entitled to avail of the PCB services in accordance to the guidelines provided for in PhilHealth Circular No. 010, s. 2012 "Implementing: Guidelines for Universal





Health Care Primary Care Benefit 1 (PCB) Package for Transition Period CY 2012-2013" (as amended by PhilHealth Circular No. 2017-0033).

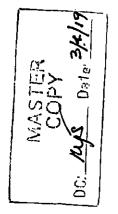
- 4. Assignment shall be on a per family basis. No separate assignment shall be allowed for the principal member and their qualified dependents. In cases of separate assignment, the assignment of principal member shall prevail.
- 5. Assignment shall be allowed by the system until the end of September of every year or once the committed target number of assigned members by the HCI has been met, whichever comes first.

Benefit availment (see Annex B: Benefit Table)

- 1. All qualified beneficiaries availing of the benefit during initial or follow up consultations shall be required to obtain an authorization transaction code (see Annex E). The authorization transaction code shall only be valid for 1 day within which the beneficiary shall visit the provider/clinic. If the beneficiary fails to visit the clinic within the validity period of the transaction code, the beneficiary may request for another transaction code.
- 2. Essential services according to life stage (see age range on the table) shall be performed during initial health screening and assessment for free or at no cost to the member or to one of his/her qualified dependents. Health screening shall be done every year. If on initial screening the qualified beneficiary requires other services from the essential list that are not included in his/her lifestage guarantees due to an existing disease condition, such services shall still be provided for free.
- 2. Regular fees or charges shall be applicable to the following:
 - a. Other qualified beneficiaries who also wish to undergo initial screening for the essential services.
 - b. Qualified beneficiaries requiring initial medical consult, any of the laboratories and medicines listed under the essential list.
 - c. Other laboratory services not included in the essential list.
 - d. All other prescribed drugs/medicines not included in the list.

3. Fixed co-payment shall be applicable to the following:

- a. All qualified beneficiaries who underwent initial health screening/initial medical consult and requiring follow up consultations and laboratories/diagnostics listed under the essential list.
 - For government HCIs, fixed co-payment for follow up consultation fees shall apply if the consultation was sought beyond the prescribed extended OPD consultation hours; otherwise, no consultation fee shall be required Felliopie Health form mere Communion from the eligible beneficiary.
- b. For all drugs/medicines included in the explanded PCB prescribed during both initial and follow up consultation.
- 4. Fixed co-payment, whenever applicable, shall be on a per-beneficiary basis.



5. The HCI shall apply the same fixed co-payment rules for other disease conditions not covered by the expanded PCB that will require any of the laboratories and medicines included in the list of essential services and drugs. (e.g. CBC for suspected dengue case, chest X-ray for suspected TB, antibiotics for infected wounds, impetigo and other skin infections)

C. Per Family Payment (PFP)

- 1. Computation shall be based on the number of newly assigned members every month until September.
 - Monthly releases shall be 60% of the computed PFP. The monthly release of PFP shall be computed based on the following formula:

 $PFP_{month} = (No. of newly assigned members x Php 800.00*) x 60%$

Please see Annex F for sample computation.

b. Accomplishment of Targets 1-4 shall be the basis for the release of the remaining 40% of the total PFP for the applicable year. It shall be released on the first month of the succeeding year. The EPCB HCI that will meet all the performance targets shall be accorded the privilege to be recommended for Center of Excellence.

Table 2. Formula to compute Performance Target

Target	Description	Formula
1	50% of the assigned families are registered and assessed	Total no. of registered and assessed member Total no. of assigned families** x 100
2	90% of the registered and assessed are provided with the complete essential services based on lifestage	Total no. of registered and assessed with complete essential services Total no. of registered and assessed x 100
3	At least 70% of hypertensive cases are given monthly maintenance drugs	Total no. of hypertensive cases given monthly maintenance drugs Total no. of hypertensive cases x 100
4	At least 70% of diabetes cases are given monthly maintenance drugs	Total no. of diabetes cases given monthly maintenance drugs Total no. of diabetes cases x 100
5	<5% of assigned families were admitted for ***any of the conditions covered by the EPCB ***admissions will be subject to field validation	Total no. of admitted for any condition covered by the EPCB Total no. of assigned families* x 100

* Risk based capitation fee: Php 700.00 for the Formal Economy and Php 900.00 for the Lifetime members and Senior Citizens.

**unique member PhilHealth Identification Number (PIN)

AGE, UTI, URTI, Low risk Pneumonia, Asthma, Hypertension, Diabetes Mellitus Type II

2. Disposition and allocation of the PFP:

Disposition and allocation of the PFP:
a. PFP reimbursements in government HGIs shall be utilized to cover all essential services and medicines provided for in this Circular. Any remaining fund may be utilized for Professional Fee sharing based on existing DOH guidelines.

Existing guidelines on appeal and motion for reconsideration (MR) shall apply.

VII. **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

A. Member and dependents

- Regularly update his/her membership data record (e.g. additional dependents, etc) to facilitate benefit eligibility. Eligible dependents are encouraged to register with the member's HCI of choice to avail of their EPCB entitlements;
- Choose from the list of accredited EPCB HCIs published in the PhilHealth website their preferred EPCB HCI for the current calendar year;
- Assign to an EPCB HCI;
 - Employees, Senior Citizens and Lifetime members shall choose their EPCB HCI from among the list of accredited EPCB HCIs and initiate online assignment through any of the following:
 - 1. Individual assignment (see Annex G for details)
 - 1.1 PhilHealth Member Online Inquiry
 - 1.2 PhilHealth Cares
 - 1.3 Customer Service Management System (CSMS)
 - 1.4 UPCM Internal
 - 1.5 Health Care Institution (HCI) Portal
 - 2. Group assignment (see Annex G for details)
 - 2.1 Employer on behalf of employees may assign via Electronic Premium Remittance System (EPRS)
 - For some Senior Citizen and Lifetime members who have no access or have difficulty using information technology (IT), assignment to provider may be done through their respective Office for Senior Citizens Affairs (OSCA) or the HCI thru its portal.
 - For Senior Citizen and persons with disabilities (PWDs) who may have physical incapability to do the assignment process, they may authorize a representative to do the task for them provided that they present a recognized valid ID (e.g. senior citizens ID or PWD) and authorization letter to their preferred EPCB HCI.
- 4. Register at their preferred HCI for health screening and assessment/consultation;
- 5. Inform the EPCB HCI if non-ambulatory beneficiaries (e.g. senior citizen, PWD) shall require mobile assistance. Inquire if the EPCB HCI may opt to conduct registration and health screening and assessment/consultation at the patient's ก็ติสากคร Headh โดยตลกตร Compare 200 วิธีติORIOS เพลงโดยโดยโดย SECTION domicile;
- Visit the facility for health screening and assessment at least once a year or as advised by the attending physician;

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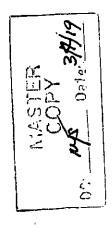
- 7. Send patient feedback using the application provided by PhilHealth;
- Report erring providers and/or employers to the PhilHealth Corporate Action Center (02-441-7442) due to but not limited to the following reasons:
 - refusing a member and dependent to be registered in their facility (except when maximum patient load has already been reached)
 - failure to conduct health screening and assessment/consultation, dispensing of medicines and other mandatory services
 - charging beyond fixed co-payment rate
 - Mandatory EPCB HCI assignment by the employer against employee's preference
- The member shall get an authorization transaction code from PhilHealth for every visit to an accredited EPCB HCI. (see Annex E) 6

B. Employers

- Comply with existing policies on the adoption and use of the Electronic Premium Reporting System (EPRS) as the mode of preparation and transmission of all remittance reports;
- Ensure regular monthly remittance and reports of premium contributions of respective employees;
- Facilitate updating of Member Data Records of employees; 3.
- Facilitate assignment of employees to their preferred EPCB HCI using EPRS.

C. Health care providers

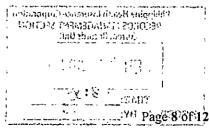
- Interested and qualified providers shall comply with the requirements in Annex C to be accredited;
- Accredited facilities shall comply with electronic data reporting and submission through any of the following means:
 - functioning health information system certified by PhilHealth and compliant with EPCB requirements;
 - PhilHealth Expanded Primary Care Benefit (PCB) System (eXPS);
 - installed Electronic Medical Record (EMR) system certified by PhilHealth.
- Regularly check the HCI Portal/EPCB Service for updates on the assignment list. In areas where there is slow or no internet connectivity and member assignment was done through the Updated Primary Care Module (UPGM) Internal at the Local Health Insurance Office (LHIO), the encrypted softcopy of assignment list shall be forwarded by the LHIO to the HCI;

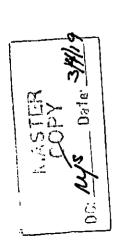


- Conduct health screening and assessment/initial consultation (baseline health data) and follow up care to all assigned members and their qualified dependents; and to establish an updated health record which shall be kept electronically;
- Perform gatekeeping and referral functions for patients depending on their needs in accordance with accepted norms and ethical practice;
- Provide mandatory services based on clinically acceptable standards on health screening and assessment and as necessary;
- Encode all health screening and assessment/consultation data, diagnostic tests done and their results, and prescribed/dispensed medicines in the EMR system;
- Ensure availability of EPCB services in the facility;
- Ensure all data fields in the patient medical record are completely and properly filled out. Secure informed consent from the patient prior to data transmission;
- 10. Establish linkages or network with other accredited EPCB HCIs for laboratory/diagnostic services not available in the facility, and for referral;
- 11. Referral facilities shall issue a signed certification (see Annex H) as provider of specific services on behalf of the referring facility. The issued certification shall be in the official letterhead of the referral facility;
- 12. Utilize the fund efficiently while ensuring delivery of quality care;
- 13. Not engage in "active patient seeking" activities for the purpose of populating assignment registry in order to meet declared maximum annual family load; the maximum annual family load shall be subject to the PhilHealth Regional Office's (PRO) assessment and approval.
- 14. All consultation data including laboratories/diagnostics done and prescribed medicines shall be encoded in the EMR as reference for future enhancements of the benefit policy (e.g. mammography to diagnose Breast CA);
- 15. Submit reports as required by PhilHealth;
- 16. Provide feedback to PhilHealth regarding policies and reimbursement issues, as necessary;
- 17. Government HCIs shall create a ledger to account for the utilization of EPCB
- 18. Ensure that they develop an EPCB application compliant to PhilHealth requirements or engage with an EMR provider with a certified EMR system.

D. Local Government Units

Supervise the implementation of the program;





- Provide technical and administrative assistance to the facilities as needed;
- Upgrade/maintain the operational capabilities (e.g. laboratory/diagnostics, medicines, monitor, CPU, internet connectivity, etc.) of the facilities to conform with the accreditation standards prescribed by PhilHealth.
- Create a trust fund for the EPCB payment.

E. EMR providers

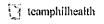
- Train the EPCB HCIs and provide user's manual to serve as guide in using the EMR system;
- 2. Provide quality service and technical assistance to their users;
- 3. Promptly comply with PhilHealth requirements and data privacy rules;
- Enhance the EMR application to ensure that the system is compliant to the updates by PhilHealth.

F. PhilHealth

- Post and update the list of accredited EPCB HCIs;
- Release the PFP based on reimbursement guidelines;
- 3. Conduct provider performance monitoring;
- Create a system that will link PCB1, EPCB and inpatient availment for monitoring purposes;
- Review and enhance the benefit periodically;
- Develop and maintain an application that will allow immediate feedback and documentation of actual patient encounter transactions;
- 7. Establish needed mechanisms to ensure that patients receive the primary care services;
- Develop and deploy an interim electronic reporting system that will enable EPCB HCIs with no EMR provider engagements to electronically transmit data to PhilHealth;
- Certify EMR system providers singly or jointly with the DOH;
- Provide immediate action on feedback received due to policies or reimbursement issues.

VIII. MONITORING AND EVALUATION

The PhilHealth, through its Healthcare Provider Performance Assessment System (HCP-PAS) shall employ mechanisms to assure members of the guaranteed quality healthcare



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they deserve. A monitoring and feedback system shall be implemented to assist providers to identify possible gaps in their practices or recommend mechanisms to ensure that they render the best possible service to their clients. Performance targets shall be identified to guide all concerned stakeholders of their accountability towards providing essential primary care services especially to the poor and marginalized families.

Monitoring shall consist of periodic facility and patient visits, satisfaction and/ or exit surveys, utilization review, and others as may be identified by PhilHealth.

Failure to meet any of the performance targets shall be a ground for close monitoring, and subsequent sanctions and penalties.

If the HCI fails to meet any of the identified targets during one applicable year, the committed maximum annual family load for the succeeding year shall be reduced to a number corresponding to their previous performance.

e.g. Committed Maximum annual family load for 2018-2019: 10,000 members (families)

Performance based on targets:

Performance Indicators	Targets for 40%	Performance Result
1. Registered and assessed (based on	50% (5000)	30% (3000)
assignment)		
2. With complete essential services	90% (4500)	60% (3000)
3 Maintenance for hypertension	70% (70)	10% (10)
Assumption: 1%= 100		
4. Maintenance for DM	70% (70)	10% (10)
Assumption: 1%=100		

For CY 2020: Maximum annual family load shall be reduced to 3,000 x 1.5=4500 The 1.5 factors in members who consistently refuse to avail of their benefit despite HCI follow up.

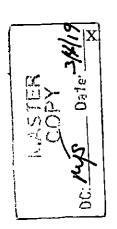
Failure of the EPCB HCI to register and provide essential services to its assigned EPCB members shall result to non-renewal of accreditation as an EPCB HCI.

IX. SANCTIONS AND PENALTIES

Any violation of this Circular, terms and conditions of the Performance Commitment and all existing related PhilHealth circulars, Office Orders and directives shall be dealt with accordingly.

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

A. Assignment for CY 2018 shall be from October 1, 2018 until December 15, 2018. Members who were successfully assigned to their preferred HCI in 2018 shall be automatically assigned to the same EPCB HCI in 2019 and shall be part of the computation for the number of assigned members for January 2019.



	Mon	No. of	-	Risk base	d capitation		60% PFP	40% Remaining
Year	th	SC/L	For	SC/LM	Formal	Total PFP	Monthly	PFP "
		M	mal	Php 900.00	Php 700.00		Release	(if targets are met)
	Oct.	50	100	45,000.00	70,000.00	115,000.00		(46,000.00)
2018	Nov.	70	150	63,000.00	105,000.00	168,000.00	69,000.00	(67,200.00)
	Dec.	30	20	27,000.00	14,000.00	41,000.00	100,800.00	(16,400.00)
TOTA	L	150	270			324,000.00		
2019	Jan.	150	270				24,600.00	129,600.00

Reimbursement for assignment (60%) shall be released after the end of each applicable month; hence, reimbursement for assignment in December 2018 shall be released in January 2019.

The second tranche of reimbursement based on performance (40%) for October to December 2018 shall likewise be processed and released in January 2019.

Assignment for CY 2019 and succeeding years shall be allowed until the end of September of the applicable year or once the committed target number of assigned members has been met by the EPCB HCI.

- B. PCB1 eligible beneficiaries who already availed of PCB services in 2018 shall remain assigned in PCB1 providers until the end of CY 2019 except for DepEd personnel. DepEd personnel who are under the Formal Economy shall be allowed to avail of the EPCB and may start their assignment beginning January 1, 2019 while Indigents and Sponsored members assigned in a PCB1 provider requesting for transfer to an EPCB HCI shall be processed beginning January 1, 2020.
- C. All senior citizens may avail of Expanded PCB, provided they are enrolled as member under the Senior Citizen Program or declared as dependent of member under the Formal sector or Lifetime Membership Program.
- D. Facilities without existing EMR system may temporarily use eXPS.
- The accreditation of EPCB HCIs approved in 2018 shall be valid until December 31, 2019. In case the EPCB HCI decides to increase their maximum annual family and daily patient load in 2019, they may submit a new Performance Commitment (PC) until end of February of 2019 indicating the new # of annual family and daily patient load. Submission of new PC beyond the end of February shall be no longer accepted.

XI. REPEALING CLAUSE

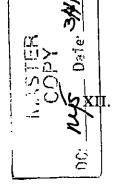
This circular shall supersede PhilHealth Circular No. 2018-0017 or Expansion of the Primary Care Benefit (EPCB) to Cover Formal Economy, Lifetime Members and Senior Citizens.

All previous issuances that are inconsistent with any provision of this Circular are hereby amended, modified, or repealed accordingly.

ANNEXES

DOH Administrative Order No. 2017-0012 "Guidelines on the Adoption of the

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Baseline Primary Health Guarantees for All Filipinos"

- b. / Benefit table
- c. Accreditation Survey Tool for the EPCB HCI
- ✓Transfer Request Form
- Steps on acquiring authorization transaction code
- f. / Sample computation .
- g. / How to assign
- Certification of Service Delivery Support
- Accreditation Requirements

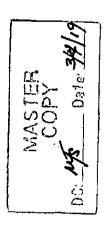
XIII. DATE OF EFFECTIVITY

This Circular shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following the completion of its publication in the Ossicial Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation. A copy of this Circular shall also be deposited with the National Administrative Register at the University of the Philippines Law Center.

ROY B. FERMER, M.D., MSc.

Acting President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO

Date signed: 102/27/19



Indippine Health Insurance Corporation DECOROS MARAGEMENT SECTION Juneau Seconds Unit

Expansion of the Primary Care Benefit (EPCB) to Cover Formal Economy, Lifetime Members and Senior Citizens (Revision 1)

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Republic of the Philippines Department of Health

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

AUG 9 3 2017

ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER No. 2017- 0012

SUBJECT: Guidelines on the Adoption of Baseline Primary Health Care
Guarantees for All Filipinos

I. Rationale

The Philippine Health Agenda 2016-2022 seeks to uphold every Filipino's right to health consistent with the International Alma-Ata Declaration that health is a fundamental human right. This underscores the need for (1) a health system that is built on health promotion and strong primary health care with referral systems to higher levels as needed, and (2) citizens engaged and empowered to demand for their entitlements. To this end, the PHA commits to guarantee an explicit and comprehensive set of primary health care interventions — both population and individual level - that will ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all Filipinos at all ages. Moreover, Republic Act 10606 mandates that the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) shall finance health services deemed cost-effective through health technology assessment.

II. Objectives

- A. To define the guaranteed population-based and individual-based primary health care interventions for each life stage;
- B. To identify the health financing agent/mechanism for the identified primary health care interventions; and
- C. To facilitate the citizens' knowledge and understanding of their health guarantees.

III. Scope and Coverage

This issuance shall apply to all concerned and relevant stakeholders of primary health care such as, but not limited to, DOH central office bureaus and units, regional offices, retained hospitals, national reference centers, laboratories, diagnostics clinics, drug outlets, and attached agencies of the Department of Health, other key government agencies, local government units (LGUs), public and private hospitals and health care facilities, health care providers, civil society organizations (CSOs), medical societies, development partners, academe, individuals, families and communities.

The issuance shall guide all investments required to make possible delivery of primary health care.

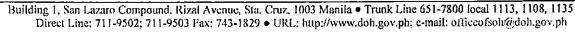
Definition of Terms

a IV.

A. Health Guarantees (List) – pertains to a package of population-based and individual-based services that the state commits to providing all Filipinos. These services shall be geographically accessible with the least financial burden, specifically at no cost when accessed in public health facilities, and at fixed co-payment when accessed in

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private health facilities.

- B. Health Technology Assessment (from DOH AO 2016-34) refers to the systematic evaluation of properties, effects and/or impacts of health technology to inform policy decision making.
- C. Primary Health Care (PHC) refers to essential health care based on practical, scientifically sound, and socially acceptable methods and technology made universally accessible to individuals and families in the community through their full participation and at a cost that the community and country can afford to maintain at every stage of their development in the spirit of self-reliance and self-determination (Alma-Ata Declaration VI)
- D. Primary Care (PC) is first-contact, accessible, continued, comprehensive and coordinated care. First-contact care is accessible at the time of need; ongoing care focuses on the long-term health of a person rather than the short duration of the disease; comprehensive care is a range of services appropriate to the common problems in the respective population and coordination is the role by which primary care acts to coordinate with other specialists that the patient may need. PC is a subset of PHC (WHO, n.d.).
- E. Primary Care Facilities (from DOH AO 2012-0012) a first-contact healthcare facility that offers basic services including emergency service and provision for normal deliveries. It is subdivided into:
 - 1. With in-patient beds a short stay facility where patients can be admitted for a period of 1 to 3 days. Examples are infirmary, dispensary and birthing home
 - 2. Without beds a facility where medical and/ or dental examination and treatment and minor surgical procedures are rendered without confining the patient. Examples are Medical Outpatient Clinic, OFW Clinics, and Dental Clinics.

V. General Guidelines

- 1. The health guarantees are organized per life stage. All interventions are classified as **population-based interventions**, or health care services that cannot be specifically traced back to a singular person/beneficiary or **individual-based interventions**, or health care services that can be definitively traced back to a singular person.
- 2. The baseline set of guarantees is summarized in Annex A, initially developed by a technical working group participated in by various offices of the DOH and its attached agencies, in consultation with key stakeholders.
- 3. The baseline set of primary health care guarantees shall be regularly updated through a single, fair, and transparent priority setting process or health technology assessment. An Evidence Appraisal Group (EAG) shall be constituted to recommend to the financing agents DOH (Secretary of Health), PhilHealth (PhilHealth Board of Directors), and LGUs (Local Chief Executives) on inclusion/exclusion of additional interventions into the primary health care guarantees list.

Specific Guidelines

A. Baseline Health Guarantees

1. The baseline set of primary health care guarantees consist of all existing public health programs of the Department of Health, as well as clinically and cost-effective interventions that address 80% of the local disease burden (Wong et al,

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- 2015). These encompass total of 48 communicable, non-communicable and urbanization and globalization-related conditions (See Annex B).
- 2. The baseline set of primary health care guarantees are organized according to the following life stages, namely: (1) Pregnancy Labor / delivery and post-partum; (2) Children neonate (0-28 days), infant (0-12 months old), child (1-4 years old), school-age (5-9 years old), and adolescent (10-19 years old); and (3) Early Adulthood men and women between 20-59 years old; and (4) Late Adulthood men and women over 60 years old.
- 3. Population-based interventions fall under the following broad classification: (1) Surveillance and monitoring (2) Prevention and control of epidemics (3) Assurance of quality and accessibility of services (4) Health communication and dissemination (5) Community Mobilization (6) Public Policy Development and (6) Disaster Preparation and Response.
- 4. Individual-based services are further classified as well or sick services. These include primary care or outpatient visits and appropriate referral to higher levels of care. Specifically, outpatient consults encompass clinical, laboratory, pharmacy services which includes required drugs and medicines.

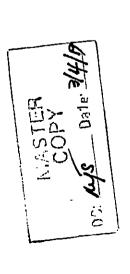
B. Financing of Health Guarantees

- 1. The primary health care guarantees shall serve as a basis for costing sector-wide medium to long term planning for DOH, PhilHealth and LGUs.
- 2. By 2022, all population-level interventions shall be financed jointly by the DOH and Local Government Units while all individual-level interventions shall be financed by the PhilHealth.
- 3. In the interim, financing for identified primary health care guarantees shall be gradually streamlined and detailed out in a Health Sector Financing Strategy to be developed in close coordination with the Department of Finance, Department of Budget and Management, National Economic Development Authority, and PhilHealth.
- 4. The primary health care guarantees shall guide prioritization and rationalization of DOH's technical assistance to LGU.
- 5. The primary health care guarantees shall inform the expansion of the primary care benefit package of PhilHealth.

C. Enabling Quality Access and Ensuring Adequate and Appropriate Provision

- 1. The primary health care guarantees shall be delivered through local communities and health facilities. Specifically, individual-based interventions shall be accessed through networks of both public (state) and private (non-state) providers that are linked to higher levels of service facilities in service delivery networks.
- 2. All product registration, licensing, accreditation, and contracting standards for both stand-alone primary health care facilities and primary care networks, including health professions education and training shall be aligned to the primary health care guarantees.
- 3. Provision of all primary health care guarantees shall be guided by locally-relevant clinical practices guidelines and cost-effective, responsive clinical pathways.
- 4. All information and education campaign materials on primary health care guarantees shall be developed using life stage approach and segmented by client, e.g. health managers, health providers, and client/families.
- 5. The effectiveness, efficiency, and equity dimensions of the primary health care

mary health care



guarantees implementation shall be monitored by the DOH, PhilHealth, and LGUs. All health information systems shall enable tracking of utilization of health guarantees.

VII. Roles and Responsibilities

- A. The Department of Health shall:
 - 1. Define the baseline primary care guarantees and facilitate expansion through the HTA process;
 - 2. Formulate and review strategic and operational policies, plans, and programs related to the primary health care guarantees;
 - 3. Ensure standards, regulations, and technical assistance to LGUs to strengthen the implementation of the primary health care guarantees;
 - 4. Monitor and assess provision of the health care guarantees; and
 - 5. Advocate strong support from all stakeholders on the implementation of the primary health care guarantees.
- B. The Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PHIC) shall:
 - 1. Develop the primary care benefit package in line with the primary health care guarantees and facilitate expansion though the HTA process;
 - 2. Continually update its accreditation standards in accordance to the primary health care guarantees; and
 - 3. Design contracting arrangements that would provide incentives for the access and quality provisions of the guarantees.
- C. The Local Government Units shall:
 - 1. Enact local legislation and ensure availability of essential inputs and investments to realize the primary health care guarantees; and
 - 2. Ensure that all RHUs are included in networks of primary care providers
- D. The Civil Society Organizations shall:
 - 1. Participate in the advocacy and/or delivery of the primary health care guarantees; and
 - 2. Hold DOH, PHIC, and LGUs accountable in the quality provision of primary health care guarantees.
- E. The Development Partners shall:
 - 1. Adopt, develop, and implement supporting operational policies, plans, and programs consistent with the primary health care guarantees.

VIII. Repealing Clause

The provisions of previous Orders and other related issuances inconsistent or contrary to the provisions of this Administrative Order are hereby revised, modified, repealed or rescinded accordingly. All provisions of existing issuances which are not affected by this Order shall remain valid and in effect.

IX. Effectivity

This Order shall take effect immediately.

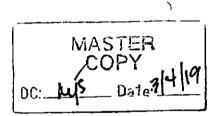
PAULYN JEAN B. ROSELL-UBIAL, MD, MPH, CESO II

Secretary of Health

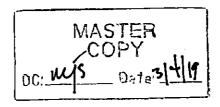


Primary Health Care Guarantees for All Life Stages

to be delivered by the Primary Care Networks



PREGNANCY



	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for
	1	Well Individuals	Sick Individuals
Pregnancy	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Pregnancy Tracking Crisis helplines (self-harm) Prevention and Control of Endemic Diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) Therapeutic management for Soil Transmitted Helminths (STH), Filariasis, Schistosomiasis Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals Services for PWDs and	Clinical INITIAL VISIT: History and Physical examination Oral Health Examination and appropriate interventions Referral and Transportation Services Nutritional Assessment and Counseling Counseling Services for Mothers with Prenatal findings of Birth Defects NOT SPECIFIC TO A TRIMESTER (FOR SUCCEEDING VISITS): STI testing using syndromic approach and etiologic tests Antenatal mental health services (screening) Laboratory INITIAL VISIT: Pregnancy Test Kit Hepatitis B Screening Syphilis VDR/RPR Complete Blood Count (CBC) Blood Typing Ultrasound (as necessary) Acetic Acid Wash Urinalysis Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS) HIV Testing (offered to all) Fecalysis NOT SPECIFIC TO A TRIMESTER (FOR SUCCEEDING VISITS): Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (OGTT)	Sick Individuals REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination DENTAL CONDITIONS Provision of oral care services as needed ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE OR POISONING Early recognition and initial management Referral to higher facility or trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology FINDINGS OF BIRTH DEFECTS OR RARE DISEASES Referral to subspecialist – Obstetrician- Gynecologist (Ob-Gyn), geneticist, metabolic specialist or other specialist BEHAVIORAL OR PSYCHIATRIC DISORDERS Screening, treatment/management and referral to higher level facilities Provision of drugs, as indicated Psychosocial intervention
	other special groups - Referral to a higher facility for the provision of assistive devices as indicated	 Pap Smear (as necessary) Ultrasound(as necessary) Drugs and Commodities INITIAL VISIT: Ferrous Sulfate with Folic Acid Iodine supplement Lipid -based nutrient supplement - Small Quantity (LNS-SQ) (according to guidelines) 	OBSTETRIC COMPLICATIONS Hypertensive Disorders of Pregnancy • Referral and Transportation to Ob- Gyn and Tertiary Care Facility • On Follow Up DOC: Antihypertensive drugs • Labs: Urinalysis, Ultrasound, ECG

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Pregnancy	Health communication and dissemination strategies Mother's Classes: With focus on prenatal care Expanded Program on Immunization Exclusive breastfeeding Rooming-in, Mother Baby Friendly Hospital Initiative	SECOND TRIMESTER - if indicated: Calcium Carbonate Albendazole NOT SPECIFIC TO A TRIMESTER (FOR SUCCEEDING VISITS): Long Lasting Insecticidal Nets (LLIN)(for malaria endemic areas) Insect repellent lotion (for all vector-borne diseases) Tetanus - Diphtheria (Td) Toxoid Vaccines During Entergency Mental health and psychosocial services (MHPSS) Minimum Initial Service Package for Motherhood (MISP)	Gestational Diabetes Mellitus Clinical Service: Blood Sugar Monitoring (frequency depending on results/risk profile) Advice on Diet Modification Referral and Transportation Service to OB-Gyne, as needed Referral and follow up Labs: FBS, OGTT, HbA1C, Ultrasound Consultation with a nutritionist-dietitian
	(MBFHI) Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic	Commodities: Water treatment with hyposol, Jerry cans, clean delivery kits, hygiene kits	RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infection Labs: Ultrasound, Urinalysis, and Urine Culture and Sensitivity Therapeutic Management PULMONARY Lower Respiratory Infections Clinical: Referral and Transportation Services Labs: Chest X-ray, as needed Therapeutic Management
	injuries - Mental health - Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety • Information Campaign on: - PhilHealth	MASTER COPY OC: MS Date:34 9	 Tuberculosis Clinical: Direct Observed Treatmen Short course (DOTS) Labs: Sputum AFB and smear, Xper MTB/RIF, Drug Susceptibility Test (DST) Therapeutic Management GASTROINTESTINAL
<u>.</u> •	Membership - Enrollment to		Peptic Ulcer • Clinical: Prevention of Non-

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for
	and the state of t	Well Individuals	Sick Individuals
Pregnancy	Philhealth - Women about to Give Birth (WATGB) - Advocacy for Birth Planning - Family development sessions (FDS) - Availability of Blood/Blood Donors - Giving birth in a health facility - Rights of Woman During Labor and Delivery - Respectful Care - Philhealth enrolment - Personal preventive and promotive practices such as prompt referral - Media campaigns: - Lifestyle modifications: - Healthy Diet (Reducing saturated fat content) - Physical Activity Community Mobilization and Development - Environmental risk assessment and modification for injury prevention - Transport and communication system	MASTER COPY OC: MS Date: 34	Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drug (NSAID)-induced ulcer Therapeutic Management Referral for endoscopy, testing for Helicobacter pylori (H-pylori); urea breath test and stool antigen INFECTIOUS DISEASES HIV/AIDS, STIS AND OTHER GYNECOLOGIC CONDITIONS Clinical: Referral and Transportation to social hygiene clinics contact tracing (Prevention of mother to child transmission) Labs: Speculum Examination, Vaginal Swab, Microscopy, Rapid Plasma Reagin (RPR), TPPA or T. pallidum hemagglutination assay (TPHA), HIV rapid test, confirmatory test at National Reference Laboratory-San Lazaro Hospital/ STD AIDS Cooperative Central Laboratory (NRL-SLH/ SACCL), or treatment hub, Purified Protein Derivative (PPD) test Therapeutic management will depend on the organism, as appropriate Condoms, safe blood supply Counseling/Education -STI control, harm reduction in injecting drug user, peer education among sex workers, initiation of precaution among healthcare providers For disasters/emergencies, Syndromic treatment of STD/HIV/AIDS

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for
	of T	Well Individuals	Sick Individuals
Dragnanas	Public health policy	Property and the state of the s	Malaria
Pregnancy	development		Labs: Blood smear, Rapid
_ •	Prenatal care		Diagnostic Test for Malaria
	Prevention and		Therapeutic Management
	Management of Abortion		- Intropodic Panagement
	and Its Complication		Rabies
	(PIMAC)		Referral to Animal Bite Treatment
	Prevention of Mother to		Center (ABTC) & provision of anti-
	Child Transmission of		Rabies vaccine (as needed)
	HIV-AIDS		Rabics vaccine (as necueu)
	Omnibus Policy on		Dengue
	Disaster Risk Reduction		Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding
	 Regulation on: 		Parameters, Rapid Dengue Test
	- smoking and		(RDT)
	alcohol use		Therapeutic Management: fluid
	- substance abuse		replacement/therapy;
			Referral to higher level facility for
	Disaster preparation and		management (as indicated)
	response		management (as introducti)
	Surveillance Post-		Leprosy
	Extreme Emergencies		Therapeutic management
	and Disasters (SPEED)		Therapeutic management
	syndromic surveillance		Filariasis
	Risk communication		Lab: Nocturnal blood smear
	Risk management and		Therapeutic management
	Early warning system		Therapeutic management
	• Incident command	·	Schistosomiasis
	system/OPCEN		Therapeutic management
•	Deployment of self-	·.	Lab: Kato katz examination
	sufficient health team		- Lab. Maio Ratz examination
	responders and		NUTRITION
	volunteers		Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron
	Mobile health care	MASTER	Deficiency, Anemia of Renal Disease,
	services	/ COPY	Anemia of Chronic Illness)
	Women friendly spaces		Clinical: Referral to specialists
	and evacuation centers	Do: N Dale 34 19	Lab: CBC
	Mobilization of		Appropriate Therapeutic

i Ž	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for
		Well Individuals	Sick Individuals
Pregnancy	prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT)		Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious Malignant Lesions)
Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Integrated MNCHN Strategy Services for PWDs and other special groups Public health policy development Basic Emergency Obstetrics and Newborn Care facility per 250,000 population CEMONC facility per		Clinical: Monitoring on the progress of Labor Monitoring of Vital Signs Provision of Mother-Friendly Practices during Labor and Delivery Maintaining infection control practices during labor and delivery Provision of Normal Spontaneous Delivery (NSD) Laboratory CBC, Blood Typing (if indicated) Drugs and Commodities Clean delivery set including cutting instruments Oxytocin, Magnesium Sulfate, Antibiotics, Steroids, Cord Clamp During Emergency Minimum Initial Service Package for safe Motherhood (MISP) Commodities: Water treatment with hyposol, Jerry cans, clean delivery kits, hygiene kits	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination DRUGS AND COMMODITIES

Activities	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for
		Well Individuals	Sick Individuals
Labor/Delivery	500,000 population Facility based delivery Skilled birth attendance PhilHealth Maternal Care Package and Women about to Give Birth Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction		
	Disaster preparation and		
	response		
	PhilHealth		
	Reimbursement for		
	Deliveries during		
	Fortuitous events SPEED syndromic		
	surveillance		!
	Risk communication		
	Risk management and		
	Early warning system		
	Incident command		
age : ITTERMENTALE AND	system/OPCEN Deployment of self-		1
	sufficient health team		
Account	responders and		
a and an and an and an	volunteers		
tem muradina	Mobile health care		
and the same of th	services Women friendly spaces		
AA-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A-A	Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers		
No. of the state o	Mobilization of		
The state of the s	prepositioned		
•	logistics/resources (clean		
	delivery kits)		MASTER
	Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and		/ COPY
	incident command		DC: MS Date 3/4/19

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Labor/Delivery	system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT) Surveillance and monitoring	Clinical	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any
Post-partum	of the population's health status Surveillance system Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals Services for PWDs and other special Health communication and dissemination strategies Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Substance Abuse Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention —	 Mental health screening and counseling services Assessment of breastfeeding difficulties Breastfeeding counseling Drugs and Commodities Ferrous Sulfate with Folic Acid Calcium Carbonate Vitamin A capsule – single dose 200,000 IU Family Planning Commodities PP-IUD Injectable (Depot medroxyprogesterone acetate) Pills (POP) Modern Natural Family Planning Charts Cycle beads Sub-dermal Progestin Implants Bilateral Tubal Ligation During Emergency Mental health and psychosocial services (MHPSS) Minimum Initial Service Package for Reproductive Health (MISP) Commodities: Water treatment with hyposol, Jerry cans, hygiene kits, oral contraceptives 	condition History and Physical examination DRUGS AND COMMODITIES Management of breast conditions during lactation: Assessment and Counseling Referral to surgeon if needed Dexamethasone Post-Partum Bleeding Referral for blood transfusion services as indicated Referral for vaginal tears NEUROLOGIC/PSYCHIATRIC Post-Partum Depression/ Psychosis Assessment and Counseling Referral to Psychiatrist as needed Self-harm Clinical: Immediate Assessment, First Aid and Transport to Nearest Tertiary Facility On Follow-up: Referral to Psychiatric Assessment

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Post-partum	falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries - Mental health - Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety - Promotion of exclusive breastfeeding (EBF) and lactation amenorrhea method (LAM) - Promote National Family Planning Policy - Advocacy for Birth Planning - Family development sessions (FDS) - Availability of Blood products and nonrenumerated Blood Donors Public health policy development - Post-partum visit - Post-partum Family Planning - Minimum Initial Service Package for Health (Sexual and Reproductive Health) - Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction	Well Individuals MASTER COPY	INFECTIOUS DISEASES Rabies Referral to Animal Bite Treatment Center (ABTC) & provision of anti-Rabies vaccine (as needed) Dengue Labs: CBC, Blood tying, RDT Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy; Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated) STD/ HIV/ AIDS For emergency/disaster situations, syndromic treatment of STD/HIV/AIDS Leprosy Therapeutic Management Filariasis Lab: Nocturnal blood smear Therapeutic Management Schistosomiasis Therapeutic Management Lab: Kato katz examination NUTRITION Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron Deficiency, Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic Illness)
•	Community Mobilization and Development Environmental assessment and	Do: 14 19	 Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Post-partum	modification for injury prevention • Voluntary blood donation in communities		
	Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources		
	 Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT) Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) 		MASTER

All services shall be made available only when clinically indicated. DC:_N

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Population Level

Primary Care Services for Well Individuals

Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals

Neonate .

Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status

Surveillance system

Prevention and control of endemic diseases

 Integrated Vector Control Management

Public health policy development

- Newborn Screening
- Birth dose of BCG and Hepatitis B
- Early Essential Newborn Care
- Newborn care
- Infant and Young Child Feeding
- Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction

Assurance of quality and accessibility of services

- Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals
- Services for PWDs and other special groups

Health communication and dissemination strategies

- Mothers' Education on:
- Expanded Program on Immunization
- Exclusive breastfeeding and Complementary Feeding with Continued breastfeeding
- Early child development

Clinical

- Early Essential Newborn Care
- Physical examination (vital signs, anthropometrics)
- · Visual and hearing screening
- Breastfeeding Initiation
- Referral and Emergency Transport Services
- Basic newborn resuscitation with oxygen support
- Kangaroo mother care for low birth weight and preterm babies

Laboratory

- Newborn Screening
- Universal Newborn Hearing Screening & confirmatory testing of newborns with out-of-range screening results
- Confirmatory tests for disorders detected in the 6panel / expanded newborn screening
- Critical congenital heart disease screening (CCHD)-Pulse oxymeter
- HIV screening (as needed)

Drugs and Commodities

- Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG) vaccine at birth
- · Hepatitis B vaccine at birth
- Vitamin K
- Erythromycin eye ointment
- Hepatitis B immunoglobulin for babies born to Hepatitis B surface antigen reactive mothers

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REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition

History and Physical examination

DRUGS AND COMMODITIES

If (+) for Newborn Screening & Confirmatory Test

Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility / pediatrician

If (+) for Newborn Hearing Screening & Confirmatory Test

- Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility / pediatrician (before age 7)
- Referral to ENT for hearing aid device fitting and / or for cochlear implant Refer to pediatric ophthalmology for retinopathy of prematurity

AEFI events

 Assessment and Referral to Pediatrician for appropriate management

INFANTS BORN TO A DRUG-DEPENDENT MOTHER

• Referral to higher facility with specialist

RARE DISEASES

 Referral to pediatric subspecialist geneticist, metabolic specialist or pediatric endocrinologist

BIRTH DEFECTS

 Referral and counseling to appropriate specialists regarding Neural tube defects, Cleft lip / cleft palate, Congenital hydrocephalus, Club foot (Eg. Orthopedic surgeon, ENT, Neurosurgeon, Pediatric Dentist, etc.)

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
Difference amongston from the control of the contro		weii individuals	Individuals
Neonate	interventions through mother-infant interactions Developmental milestones monitoring Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt Food safety Community Mobilization and Development Environmental risk assessment and modification for injury prevention Emergency Transportation and Communication services Disaster preparation and response	Well Individuals	NEWBORNS WITH TRISOMY 21 OR THOSE HIGH RISK FOR DEVELOPMENTAL DELAY (Eg. Cerebral Palsy. Birth asphyxia. or Prematurity) Referral to a pediatric neurodevelopmental specialist and/or neurologist NEUROLOGIC/NEURODEVELOPMENTAL Neonatal hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy (HIE) due to intrapartum related events ("birth asphyxia") and traumatic birth injuries Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility, support to caregiver Provision of medicines for neuroprotection (e.g. Piracetam) Diagnostic evaluation (EEG, cranial ultrasound, CT scan or MRI) CARDIAC DISEASES Congenital Heart Anomalies Refer to tertiary care facility Labs: 2D Echocardiography, Pediatric ECG, and Chest X-Ray PULMONARY Neonatal Respiratory Distress Syndrome Provide bag and mask ventilation if needed
-	 SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN 	MASTER / COPY	 Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility, support to caregiver Provide ventilator support at end-referral facility (e.g. continuous positive airway pressure [CPAP] machine or mechanical ventilation for infants)

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Neonate	Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (dean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT)		Hematologic Disorders Neonatal Jaundice Lab: CBC, Blood typing, Peripheral smear, Coombs Test-Direct and Indirect, Total Serum Billirubin Treatment: Phototherapy INFECTIOUS DISEASES HIV (if mother is positive) Treatment: HIV prophylaxis Early infant diagnosis Lab: Malaria smear Neonatal sepsis and other neonatal infections Antibiotic Treatment Refer to tertiary care facility, if needed Dengue Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding Parameters, RDT Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy; Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated) NEONATAL COMPLICATIONS Management of Prematurity and Low Birth
		DC: MASTER COPY Date. 24/19	Weight Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility, support to caregiver Provision of routine newborn care, prior to transfer (Eg. BCG, Vitamin K, Hepatitis B Vaccine, Erythronicin Eye ointment) Provide kangaroo mother care all throughout transport until reaching the referral facility

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Neonate			Anemia of Prematurity Lab: CBC Refer to higher level facility
Infant (0-12 months)	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Cancer Registry Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals Services for Children with Disabilities (CWDs) and other special groups Safe settings assessment for community, schools and home for child injury prevention (eg. drowning, violence, poisoning) Public health policy development IYCF (MBFHI, EBF) Human Milk Banking Early Child Development Child Disability Prevention (Visual and Hearing Impairment, and Injury) Oral Health Micronutrient	Clinical Ilistory and Physical examination (vitals, anthropometrics) Oral Health Examination and Services (Fluoride Varnish, etc.) Early Childhood Care and Development (ECCD) screening including developmental milestones; assessment of developmental delays Visual and hearing screening Referral and Emergency Transport Services Laboratory CBC and peripheral blood smear** (for HTA) for iron deficiency anemia evaluation Drugs and Medicines Vitamin A (at 6 months) Iron sulfate drops to LBW or preterm infants Micronutrient powder for infants 6-23 months Lipid -based nutrient small quantity (LNS-SQ) 6-23 months Pentavalent vaccine (Diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis, Hep B, HiB) Bacillus Calmette-Guerin (BCG), if not given at birth Bivalent oral polio vaccine (BOPV) - 3 doses Inactivated polio vaccine (IPV) - 1 dose Pneumococcal Conjugated Vaccine (PCV) - 3 doses MASTER COPY Dail 3 1419	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination DRUGS AND COMMODITIES AEFI events ASSESSMENT then refer to tertiary care facility / pediatrician (before age 7) ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE AND POISONING Early recognition and initial management Referral to higher facility or trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology RARE DISEASES Referral to subspecialist - geneticist, metabolic specialist or endocrinologist BIRTH DEFECTS Referral and Counseling to appropriate specialists regarding Neural tube defects, Cleft lip/cleft palate, Congenital hydrocephalus, Club foot (E.g. Orthopedic surgeon, ENT, Neurosurgeon, Pediatric Dentist, etc.) DEVELOPMENTAL DELAYS AND BEHAVIORAL DISORDERS Referral to pediatric subspecialist - geneticist, metabolic specialist or pediatric endocrinologist

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Infant	Supplementation • Food fortification		CARDIAC DISEASES Congenital Heart Anomalies Refer to tertiary care facility
(0-12 months)	Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction		Labs: 2D Echocardiography
	Health communication and dissemination strategies Mothers' Education on: Expanded Program on Immunization Exclusive breastfeeding and Complementary Feeding with Continued breastfeeding Early child development interventions through mother-infant interactions Developmental milestones monitoring Use of fortified foods including iodized salt Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Cocupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt	MASTER COPY Date: 3 419	RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infections Labs: Urinalysis, Urine Culture and Sensitivity, CBC, Ultrasound Therapeutic Management PULMONARY Lower Respiratory Infections or Pneumonia If Mild: Manage in primary care center If Moderate/Severe: Refer to Tertiary Care Lab: CBC, Chest X-Ray (as needed) If with HiB Vaccine give Amoxicillin If without HiB Vaccine give Co-amoxiclav Other regimen: Therapeutic Management Ancillary treatment based on risk classification (cough preparation, vitamin A, vitamin D, elemental Zinc, O2 delivery, probiotic) GASTROINTESTINAL Diarrheal diseases Clinical: Counseling on exclusive breastfeeding Lab: Fecalysis Therapeutic Management: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, IV fluid CANCERS For definitive diagnosis and management:

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Infant	Food safety		Referral to secondary or tertiary facility
Infant (0-12 months)	Community Mobilization and Development Environmental risk assessment and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities	MASTER	INIURIES For Child injury and trauma Referral to pediatric orthopedic or burn specialist Diagnostic: X-ray and other medical imaging modalities INFECTIOUS DISEASES Rabies Referral to ABTC & provision of anti-Rabies vaccine (as needed) Dengue Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding Parameters, RDT Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy; Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated) Leprosy Therapeutic Management Lab: Nocturnal blood smear Schistosomiasis Therapeutic Management Lab: Kato katz examination
	with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health	DE: MS Date 3/4/19	NUTRITION Moderate (MAM) and Severe Acute (SAM) malnutrition Clinical: measure mid-upper arm

· · ·	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
<u> </u>		Well Individuals	Individuals
Infant (0-12 months)	emergency response team (BHERT)		and length/height, assess for presence or absence of edema, provision of oral health services, deworming medicines Therapeutic Management for MAM: Ready To Use Supplementary Food (RUSF), Therapeutic Management for SAM (RUTF), F75, F100, Rehydration Solution for Malnutrition (ReSoMal) Iron-Deficiency Anemia
			Lab: CBC, peripheral blood smear
Child (>1-4 y/o)	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Crisis helplines (self-harm) Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) STH: Albendazole and/or Mebendazole Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas	 Clinical History and Physical Examination (vitals, anthropometrics) Oral Health Examination and Services ECCD screening Referral and Emergency Transport services Visual and hearing screening Skin screening for Leprosy Provide special services for special health problems and conditions such as disability, rape and abuse – medical, legal, and rehabilitation services as well as social, legal and support services Laboratory CBC (and peripheral blood smear, if needed) for iron deficiency anemia evaluation Conduct PPD test for PTB screening (c/o TB DOTS centers) 	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination DRUGS AND COMMODITIES AEFI events Assessment then refer to tertiary care facility / pediatrician (before age 7) DENTAL CONDITIONS Provision of oral care services as needed ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE OR POISONING Early recognition and initial management Trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology RARE DISEASES Referral to pediatric subspecialist -
	Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women &	Drugs and Medicines Micronutrient powder for children (12 mos – 23 months) Fluoride varnish	geneticist, metabolic specialist or pediatric endocrinologist BIRTH DEFECTS
	Child Protection Unit in all hospitals	Vitamin A (200,000 lU) - 2 doses per year Vitamin A (200,000 lU) - 2 doses per year	 Referral and Counseling to appropriate— specialists regarding Neural tube defects,

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Child (>1-4 y/o)	 Apply safe settings assessment for community, schools and home for child injury prevention (e.g. drowning, violence, poisoning) Services for Children with Disabilities (CWDs) and other special groups Health communication and dissemination strategies Mother's education: Advocacy for complete immunization Nutrition education program Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt Food safety Media campaigns: Lifestyle modifications: Healthy Diet (Reducing saturated fat content) Physical Activity 	• Other vaccines for catch up • Rotavirus – for HTA MASTER COPY DC: MS Date: 31419	Cleft lip / cleft palate, Congenital hydrocephalus, Club foot, amblyopia and squinting (Eg. Orthopedic surgeon, ENT, Neurosurgeon, Pediatric Dentist, etc.) DEVELOPMENTAL DELAYS AND BEHAVIORAL DISORDERS • Referral to a pediatric neurodevelopmental specialist and/or pediatric neurologist, occupational therapist and speech pathologist • Referral to a higher facility for the provision of assistive devices as indicated CARDIAC DISEASES Congenital Heart Anomalies • Refer to tertiary care facility • Labs: 2D Echocardiography RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infection • Labs: Urinalysis, Urine Culture and Sensitivity, CBC, Ultrasound • Medicines: Antibiotics (Cephalosporins, Penicllins) PULMONARY Pediatric Community Acquired Pneumonia A/B • Lab: CBC, Chest X-ray, as needed • Therapeutic Management Asthma • Lab: peak flow meter, nebulizer (machine) • Therapeutic Management

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Child (>1-4 y/o)	Community Mobilization and Development Conduct targeted feeding programs Environmental risk assessment and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services Public health policy development Oral Health Early Child Development Child Disability Prevention Micronutrient Supplementation IMCI PIMAM Food fortication Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and	WASTER COPY Julia	Tuberculosis Clinical: DOTS Lab: Sputum AFB and smear, Xpert MTB/RIF, Drug Susceptibility Test (DST), Tuberculin skin test/Purified Protein Derivative (PPD) Therapeutic Management GASTROINTESTINAL Diarrheal diseases Lab: Fecalysis Therapeutic Management: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, IV fluid NEUROLOGIC/PSYCHIATRIC Mental Illness Referral to Child Psychiatrist Psychosocial intervention and psychotropic drugs Self-harm Clinical: immediate assessment, first aid, and transport to the nearest tertiary facility On follow-up: referral to psychiatrist for psychiatric assessment CANCER For definitive diagnosis and management: Referral to secondary or tertiary facility INFECTIOUS DISEASES Note: Contact Tracing Should Be Done in the Community Blood extraction and send referral for

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
Child (>1-4 y/o)	Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health energency response team (BHERT)	Well Individuals	Rabies Referral to ABTC & provision of anti-Rabies vaccine (as needed) Dengue Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding Parameters, RDT Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy; Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated) Diarrheal diseases Clinical: Counseling on exclusive breastfeeding Lab: Fecalysis DOC: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, Antibiotics for infectious diarrhea Cholera Referral to hospital
			 Clinical: Advise the mother to continue breastfeeding If child is 2 years or older and there is cholera in the area, give oral antibiotic for cholera. Therapeutic management
		MASTER / COPY Date 2419	Dysentery Referral to hospital Clinical: Advise the mother to continue breastfeeding Therapeutic management STH Population: MDA of entire community Labs: Stool examination

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Child	militaria de la Production de Maria de la companya	Make and the state of the state	Therapeutic management
(>1-4 y/o)			Measles Lab: IgM blood test and send to RITM Counseling / education: Supportive care: nutrition support, breastfeeding counseling Therapeutic management
			 Malaria Lab: Blood smear, Rapid Diagnostic Test for Malaria Therapeutic management
			Leprosy Therapeutic Management
			Filariasis Therapeutic Management Lab: Nocturnal blood smear
			Schistosomiasis Therapeutic Management Lab: Kato katz examination
			NUTRITION Protein-energy malnutrition Clinical: measure mid-upper arm circumference, monitor child growth, oral health screening Ready to Use Therapeutic Food, F75/100
		MASTER	Iron-Deficiency Anemia Lab: CBC, peripheral blood smear
		no mys Date 3/4/19	DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
		Well Individuals	Individuals
Child		Committee of the commit	(Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious Malignant Lesions)
(>1-4 y/o)			
School-age (5-9 y/o)	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Crisis helplines (self-harm)	Clinical History and Physical examination (vital signs, anthropometrics, BMI) Oral health examination	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination DRUGS AND COMMODITIES
	 Cancer Registry 	ECCD and disability screening	AEFI events
		Visual & hearing screening Conduct complete eye examination (refraction, color testing vision testing, strabismus)	Assessment and Referral to Pediatrician for appropriate management
	Prevention and control of	Assess nutritional status	DENTAL CONDITIONS
	endemic diseasesIntegrated Vector Control	Mental health assessment and counseling Skin screening for Leprosy	Provision of oral care services as needed
	Management Mass Drug Administration	Provide special services for special health problems and conditions such as disability, rape and abuse -	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE AND POISONING
	(for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) STH: Albendazole and/or	medical, legal, and rehabilitation services as well as social, legal and support services	 Early recognition and initial management Trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology
	Mebendazole	Laboratory	RARE DISEASES
	Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) – for endemic areas	CBC (and peripheral blood smear, if needed) for iron deficiency anemia evaluation Conduct PPD test for PTB screening (TB DOTS centers)	Referral to subspecialist - geneticist, metabolic specialist or endocrinologist
	 Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel for endemic areas 	• Stool exam	LEARNING DISABILITY AND BEHAVIORAL DISORDERS
	Assurance of quality and	Drugs and Medicines • Fluoride varnish, Glass Ionomer	Referral to a pediatric neurodevelopmental specialist and/or
	 accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals Apply safe settings 	Measles Rubella and Tetanus diphtheria (MRTd) Tetanus containing vaccines Human Papillomavirus Vaccine (9 year old female*)	pediatric neurologist, occupational therapist and speech pathologist Referral to a higher facility for the provision of assistive devices as indicated
	assessment tool for community, schools and home for child injury prevention (e.g. drowning, violence, road	MASTER COPY Date:3/4/19	PSYCHIATRIC AND MOOD DISORDERS IN CHILDREN Mental Illness • Referral to Child Psychiatrist

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
School-age (5-9 y/o)	safety) Services for Children with Disability (CWDs) and other special groups Health communication and dissemination strategies School Health and Nutrition Promotion and Education Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Cocupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt Food safety Information Campaign on: Immunization Prevention of risky behavior like tobacco use, alcohol use, drug abuse Road safety Anti-bullying School-based education on HIV/AIDS Nutrition education program Media campaigns Lifestyle modifications: Healthy Diet (Reducing saturated fat content) Physical Activity	MASTER	Psychosocial intervention and psychotropic drugs Self-harm Clinical: immediate assessment, first aid, and transport to the nearest tertiary facility On follow-up: referral to psychiatrist for psychiatric assessment CARDIAC DISEASES Congenital Heart Anomalies Refer to tertiary care facility Labs: 2D Echocardiography, ECG, Chest X-Ray RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infection Labs: Urinalysis, Urine Culture and Sensitivity, CBC, Ultrasound Therapeutic management PULMONARY Pediatric Community Acquired Pneumonia A/B Labs: CBC, Chest X-ray, as needed Therapeutic management Asthma Lab: peak flow meter, nebulizer (machine) Therapeutic management Tuberculosis Clinical: DOTS Labs: Sputum AFB and smear, Xpert MTB/RIF, Drug Susceptibility Test (DST),

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
School-age (5-9 y/o)	Community Mobilization and Development Conduct targeted feeding programs School-based physical activity School-based interventions (self-harm) Environmental assessment and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services		Tuberculin skin test Therapeutic management GASTROINTESTINAL Diarrheal diseases Lab: Fecalysis Therapeutic management: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, Antibiotics for infectious diarrhea CANCER For definitive diagnosis and management: Referral to secondary or tertiary facility
	Public health policy development School Health and Nutrition Policy Weekly Iron and Folic Acid Supplementation Regulation on: Sale of salty and sweetened food and sugary beverages Inappropriate marketing of food and beverages Firecracker use Video-game free school smoking and alcohol use Update school health services, standards, and curriculum for implementation Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic	MASTER /COPY Date: 314/19	OPHTHALMOLOGIC Uncorrected refractive error: Clinical: Snellen's chart for adult; LEA chart for children; refer for corrective lenses Corrective lenses INFECTIOUS DISEASES Note: Contact Tracing Should Be Done in the Community Blood extraction and send referral for laboratory confirmation (vaccine preventable diseases) Dengue Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding Parameters, RDT Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy; Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated)

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
School-age (5-9 y/o)	surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT)	MASTER COPY DC: WS Date 14 19	Diarrheal diseases Lab: Fecalysis Therapeutic management: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, Antibiotics for infectious diarrhea Measles Labs: IgM blood test and send to RITM; Clinical: treatment of ocular complications Therapeutic management Counseling / education: Supportive care: nutrition support, breastfeeding counseling, Malaria Lab: Blood smear, Rapid Diagnostic Test for Malaria Therapeutic management NUTRITION Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron Deficiency, Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious Malignant Lesions)

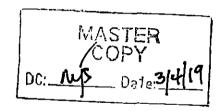
	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
School-age (5-9 y/o)			Leprosy Therapeutic management Filariasis Therapeutic Management
			 Lab: Nocturnal blood smear Schistosomiasis Therapeutic management Lab: Kato katz examination
Adolescent	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status	Clinical History and Physical Examination (Anthropometrics,	REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition History and Physical examination
(10-19 y/o)	 Surveillance system Crisis helplines (self-harm) Cancer Registry Prevention and control of	BMI, Blood pressure) Oral Health Examination Conduct complete eye examination (refraction, color testing vision testing, strabismus) Screen and counsel on (1) healthy lifestyle (physical	DRUGS AND COMMODITIES • Assessment and Referral to Pediatrician for appropriate management
	endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted)	activity, substance use, smoking, diet and nutrition, sexual education) (2) Psychosocial risk assessment (HEADSSS) (3) Reproductive health Provide health counseling with the use of Adolescent	DENTAL CONDITIONS Provision of oral care services as needed
-	Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) STH: Albendazole and/or Mebendazole	Job Aid Provide special services for special health problems and conditions such as disability, rape and abuse – medical, legal, and rehabilitation services as well as social, legal and support services	 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE AND POISONING Early recognition and initial management Trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology
	 Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel 	Skin screening for leprosy Hearing screening Laboratory	RARE DISEASES Referral to pediatric subspecialist -
	- for endemic areas	Pap Smear test (if sexually active for 2 years/as necessary)	geneticist, metabolic specialist or pediatric endocrinologist
	Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals	STI screening and referral for management HIV screening (voluntary), and CD4+ viral count (as necessary) Routine urinalysis MASTEF	LEARNING DISABILITY AND BEHAVIORAL DISORDERS Referral to a pediatric neurodevelopmental specialist and/or
		be made available only when clinically sidicated.	3 4 9 Page 28 of 44

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Adolescent (10-19 y/o)	Apply safe settings assessment tool for community, schools and home for child injury prevention (e.g. drowning, violence) Services for PWDs and other special groups Health communication and dissemination strategies Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt Food safety Information Campaign on: Prevention of risky behavior like tobacco use, alcohol use, drug abuse Road safety Reproductive health (sexuality and gender-based violence) including school-based education on HIV, AIDS and STI resulting in other diseases	• Chest X-ray • Blood chemistry • Pregnancy test (as necessary) • Complete Blood Count • Drug Assessment • HepB screening Drugs and Medicines • Iron plus folic acid • Family Planning Commodities (with consent): -Condoms - Pills (POP, COC) - MNFP - DMPA - IUD - (Implants) – can be provided by private facilities within the network • Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Vaccine • Measles Rubella and Tetanus diphtheria (MR, Td) • Tetanus containing vaccines	pediatric neurologist, occupational therapist, speech pathologist and adolescent psychiatrist Referral to a higher facility for the provision of assistive devices as indicated CARDIAC DISEASES Rheumatic Fever and Rheumatic Heart Disease Population: Develop ARF/RHD Registry Lab: Throat swab Therapeutic management RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infection Labs: Urinalysis, CBC, Ultrasound Therapeutic management PULMONARY Lower Respiratory Infections Labs: CBC, Chest X-ray, as needed Therapeutic management Asthma Labs: peak flow meter, nebulizer (machine) Therapeutic management Tuberculosis Clinical: DOTS Lab: Sputum AFB and smear, Xpert MTB/RIF, Drug Susceptibility Test (DST), Tuberculin skin test (for patients less than 15 yo) Therapeutic management

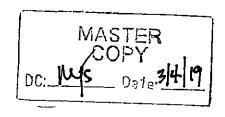
	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Adolescent (10-19 y/o)	Healthy lifestyle (healthy diet, physical activity) Mental health PhilHealth Membership Media campaigns: Lifestyle modifications: Healthy Diet (Reducing saturated fat content) Physical Activity Community Mobilization and Development Conduct targeted feeding programs School-based physical activity School-based interventions	vveii individuais	GASTROINTESTINAL Diarrheal diseases Lab: Fecalysis Therapeutic management: ORS, zinc supplementation, Vitamin A, IV fluid NEUROLOGIC/PSYCHIATRIC Mental Illness Psychosocial intervention and psychotropic drugs Self-harm Clinical: immediate assessment, first aid, and transport to the nearest tertiary facility On follow-up: referral to psychiatrist for
	(self-harm) Environmental assessment and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services Public health policy development Capacitate RHUs/CHOs in the 4R guidelines to prevent	-	psychiatric assessment CANCER For definitive diagnosis and management: Referral to secondary or tertiary facility INJURIES Motor vehicle road injuries Clinical: pre-hospital emergency services – first aid, ambulance services, referral
	harassment of young men and women VAWC in hospitals and RHUs Update school health services, standards, and curriculum for implementation Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction Regulation on: - firecracker use - video-game - smoking and alcohol use	MASTER COPY Date: 3419	Drowning Clinical: pre-hospital emergency services – first aid, ambulance services, referral Assault by firearm Clinical: Immediate Assessment, First Aid and Transport to Nearest Tertiary Facility Description Ophthalmologic Uncorrected refractive error Clinical: Snellen's chart for adult; LEA

· · ·	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
Adolescent (10-19 y/o)	Disaster preparation and response Gender -based watch groups SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean	Well Individuals	chart for children; refer for corrective lenses
	delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT)		management (as indicated) Rabies Referral to ABTC & provision of anti-Rabies vaccine (as needed) HIV, AIDS and STDs Clinical: refer to social hygiene clinics, contact tracing, if newborns: early Infant Diagnosis and referral Lab: HIV rapid test, confirmatory test at San Lazaro, RITM, or treatment hub, PPD test
		MASTER COPY Dele:3419	 DOC: condoms, ART, antibiotics (for STD) Malaria Lab: Blood smear, Rapid Diagnostic Test for Malaria Therapeutic management

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
		Well Individuals	Individuals
Adolescent			NUTRITION
			Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron Deficiency,
(10-19 y/o)			Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic
			Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists
			Lab: CBC
	•		Appropriate Therapeutic Management
			DERMATOLOGY
			Clinical: Referral to specialists
			 Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious Malignant Lesions)
			Leprosy
			Therapeutic management
			Filariasis
			Therapeutic management
			Lab: Nocturnal blood smear
			Schistosomiasis
			Therapeutic management
			Lab: Kato katz examination



Early Adulthood - Late Adulthood



Population Level

Primary Care Services for Well Individuals

ADULT MEN (20-60 y/o)

Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status

- Surveillance system
- Crisis helplines (self-harm)
- Population: Renal Disease Prevention and Control Program (REDCOP) program
- Cancer Registry

Prevention and control of endemic diseases

- Integrated Vector Control Management
- Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths. Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis)
- STH: Albendazole and/or Mebendazole
- Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) - for endemic areas
- Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel - for endemic areas

Assurance of quality and accessibility of services

Services for PWDs and other special groups

Health communication and dissemination strategies

- Community Health and Nutrition Education:
- Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food
- Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

Clinical

- History and physical examination (vital signs, BMI)
- Oral health examination
- Visual and hearing screening
- Counseling on physical activity, substance use, smoking, diet and nutrition, sexual education/family planning
- Mental health screening and psychological care, as
- Assessment and screening of ≥ 25 years old with no established cardiovascular disease (angina pectoris. coronary heart disease, myocardial infarction. transient ischemic attacks), cerebrovascular disease (CeVD) or peripheral vascular disease (PVD) or have not undergone coronary revascularization or carotid endarterectomy
- For OFWs: (1) Psychological exam (2) 16 PF Test (English or Filipino) (3) Raven's Progressive Matrices or Purdue Non-Language Test (Referral to DOH Accredited facilities)

Laboratory

- Drug test
- HIV Test (voluntary)
- Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) or Fecal Immunochemical Test (FIT), for men and women 50-
- Lipid profile/ cholesterol screening, starting at 40 years old, and to be repeated every 3 years, <40 if with other risk factors (HTN, DM, etc.)
- PSA, 50 and over, annually
- Fasting plasma glucose/random plasma glucose for 40 y/o, if normal may repeat every 3 years. May do screening for those < 40 y/o if with indications like presence of risk factors (e.g. obesity, HPN, DM, smoking etc.)
- Blood chemistry
- · Hearing Test

Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals

REGULAR CONSULTATION for any condition

· History and Physical examination

DRUGS AND COMMODITIES

AEFI events

 Assessment and Referral to Pediatrician for appropriate management

DENTAL CONDITIONS

Provision of oral care services as needed

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARD EXPOSURE AND POISONING

- Early recognition and initial management
- Trained health worker on poison control and clinical toxicology

RARE DISEASES

Referral to subspecialist - geneticist, metabolic specialist or endocrinologist

BEHAVIORAL OR

PSYCHIATRIC/NEUROLOGIC DISORDERS

- · Screening, treatment/management and referral to higher level facilities
- Provision of drugs, as indicated
- Psychosocial intervention

CARDIAC DISEASES

Ischemic Heart Disease

- Lab: 12-L ECG (exercise ECG test); stress echocardiography
- Therapeutic Management, as indicated
- Counseling / Education - Lifestyle-interventions



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	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
ADULT MEN (20-60 y/o)	 Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention - falls, burns, poisoning, drowning, road traffic injuries Mental health Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt Food safety Information Campaign on: Healthy diet Smoking and tobacco use Drug and alcohol use Physical activity Mental health Road safety Reproductive health (sexuality and gender-based violence) Promotion of violence-free, drug-free and healthy workplace Promotion of violence-free, drug-free and healthy workplace Enrollment of patients in the disease registries Media campaigns:	• Non-scalpel Vasectomy Drugs and Medicines • Family Planning Commodities (with consent): -Condoms - Pills (POP, COC) - MNFP - DMPA - IUD - (Implants) - can be provided by private facilities within the network • Hepatitis B and Influenza Vaccination (Extended NCD Risk Assessment Package for Apparently Healthy Individuals) • Diphtheria, Tetanus and Pertussis - one time in place of tetanus booster • Diphtheria/Tetanus Vaccine - up to 65 years old (every 10 ears) • Hep A, Hep B, Meningococcal • Influenza	 Hypertensive Heart Disease Lab: Blood pressure monitoring, eye exam; ECG Therapeutic Treatment Counseling / Education Lifestyle interventions: Congenital Heart Anomalies Clinical: Refer to tertiary hospital Labs: Echocardiography Rheumatic Heart Disease Population: Develop ARF/RHD Registry Lab: Throat swab, 2D Echocardiography, Anti-Streptolysin O (ASO) Titer Therapeutic Management RENAL/UROLOGIC Urinary Tract Infection Labs: Urinalysis, CBC, Ultrasound Medicines: Antibiotics (Cephalosporins, Peniclins) Chronic Kidney Disease/ End Stage Renal Disease Referral to Nephrologist for Peritoneal Dialysis and/or Hemodialysis and regular follow-up; Consider referral to a Transplant Surgeon Lab: CBC, Blood typing, Urinalysis, kidney function tests Therapeutic Management Counseling/Education: Lifestyle interventions Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia Clinical: Digital Rectal Examination,

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
ADILIT MEN	prevention		Referral and Transport Services to
ADULT MEN	Emergency transportation and		Urologist as Needed
(20-60 y/o)	communication services		Lab: PSA, Ultrasound
(20-00 y/0)			Therapeutic Management
	Public health policy development		
	Omnibus Policy on Disaster		PULMONARY
	Risk Reduction		Lower Respiratory Infections
	Regulation on:		Clinical: Referral and Transportation
	firecracker use		Services
	 smoking and alcohol use 		 Lab: CBC, Chest X-ray, as needed
·			Therapeutic Management and
	Disaster preparation and		Rehabilitation, as necessary
	response		
	Surveillance Post-Extreme		Tuberculosis
	Emergencies and Disasters		Clinical: DOTS
	(SPEED) syndromic		 Lab: Sputum AFB and smear, Xpert
	surveillance		MTB/RIF, Drug Susceptibility Test (DST)
	Risk communication		 Therapeutic management
	Risk management and Early		
	warning system		Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease
	Incident command Concrete		Clinical: Smoking cessation program
	system/OPCEN		Lab: Spirometry;
	Deployment of self-sufficient		Therapeutic management
	health team responders and		Other regimens:
	volunteers		Long term oxygen therapy
	Mobile health care services		 Interventional therapy
	Women friendly spaces and		 Non-invasive mechanical intervention
	evacuation centers	•	Exacerbation management
	Mobilization of prepositioned		Invasive mechanical intervention
	logistics/resources (clean		Counseling / education:
	delivery kits)	,	Lifestyle modification: physical activity;
	Resilient health facilities with	MASTER	smoking cessation; diet modification
	DRRM plans and incident	I MAGIETT	Education and self-management
ı	command system (ICS)	, /CUPY	
•	Mass casualty management	Do: NUS Date: 3/4/19	Asthma
	Barangay health emergency CHURDY	00: 100 Daye: 21 41	Lab: Spirometry, Peak flow meter,
	response team (BHERT)	<u> </u>	

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	Primary Care Services for Sick
		Well Individuals	Individuals
ADULT WOMEN (20-60 y/o)	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Surveillance system Crisis helplines (self-harm) Cancer Registry Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) STH: Albendazole and/or Mebendazole Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazme (DEC) for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Services for PWDs and other special groups Health communication and dissemination strategies Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls,	Clinical History and physical examination (vital signs, BMI) Oral health examination Visual and hearing screening Counseling on physical activity, substance use, smoking, diet and mutrition, sexual education/tamily planning -including fertility awareness orientation (Cervical Mucus Method, BBT, Sympto-Thermal Method, LAM and Standard Days Method) Bilateral tubal ligation, insertion of IUD or subdermal implants Clinical breast examination & teach patient to do self breast exam Mental health screening and psychological care, as needed Assessment and screening for Lifestyle-related Diseases Laboratory Drug test HIV Test (voluntary) Pap Smear or VIA for 21 years old and above, or sexually active, Annually, for 3 years; if negative, every 5-7 years Fecal Occult Blood Test (FOBT) or Fecal Immunochemical Test (FIT), for men and women 50-75 Lipid profile/ cholesterol screening, starting at 40 years old, and to be repeated every 3 years, <40 if with other risk factors (HTN, DM, etc.) Fasting plasma glucose/random plasma glucose for 40 y/o, if normal may repeat every 3 years. May do screening for those < 40 y/o if with indications like presence of risk factors (e.g. obesity, HPN, DM, smoking etc.)Blood chemistry Hearing Test	Therapeutic management Other regimen: Low dose inhales corticosteroid for mild persistent asthma; Inhaled corticosteroids (ICS)/Long acting beta agonist (LABA); Inhaled corticosteroids (ICS) and short acting beta 2 agonist (SABA) Counseling / education Lifestyle interventions: Smoking cessation ENDOCRINE Diabetes mellitus Clinical: Annual eye examination when diagnosed and every 2 years if with no abnormal findings, counseling on lifestyle change, foot care, BP monitoring (for all persons 40 years and above); Management of complications (detection and treatment of eye diseases Lab: FBS or RBS, Urinalysis, Kidney and liver function tests, HbA1C; Therapeutic management Counseling / education: Lifestyle modification (physical activity; diet modification, smoking cessation) Diabetes self-management education program Glycemic management and control Blood pressure and cholesterol control GASTROINTESTINAL Peptic Ulcer Clinical: prevention of NSAID-induced ulcer DOC: acid suppression with PPI Lab: endoscopy, testing for H-pylori; urea

Population Level Primary Care Services for Primary Care Services for Sick Well Individuals Individuals burns, poisoning, drowning, Drugs and Medicines breath test and stool antigen ADIIIT road traffic injuries Pneumococcal Vaccine- if only considered as high risk Mental health (e.g. health care providers even less than 60 years old) WOMEN NEUROLOGIC/PSYCHIATRIC Promotion on the use of • Influenza Vaccination (for 50+ or high risk groups) Hemorrhagic Stroke fortified foods including Hepatitis B Vaccination- (Extended NCD Risk) Acute Phase: assessment, ambulance (20-60 y/o)iodized salt Assessment Package for Apparently Healthy conduction, early referral for blood exams Food safety Individuals) and CT-scan Information Campaign on: • Diphtheria/Tetanus Vaccine Chronic Phase: community based Healthy diet occupational and speech therapy, physical Smoking and tobacco use • Family Planning Commodities (with consent): therapy, maintenance medicines, home Drug and alcohol use -Condoms care Physical activity - Pills (POP, COC) For referral: CT scan Mental health - MNFP (neuroimaging).Cerebrospinal Fluid Road safety - DMPA Analysis, surgery Reproductive health - IUD Counseling/Education: (sexuality and gender-based - (Implants) - can be provided by private facilities -Lifestyle interventions: violence) within the network (physical activity, diet modification, Promotion of violence-free. smoking cessation, alcohol drug-free and healthy consumption) workplace -Hypertension management and Promotion of violence-free. control drug-free and healthy -Blood sugar and serum lipid control workplace Enrollment of patients in the Ischemic Stroke disease registries Acute Phase: assessment, ambulance Media campaigns: conduction, early referral for blood exams Lifestyle modifications: and CT-scan Healthy Diet (Reducing Chronic Phase: community based saturated fat content) occupational and speech therapy, physical Physical Activity therapy, maintenance medicines, home care Community Mobilization and Therapeutic Management Development MASTER For referral: CT scan (neuroimaging), Environmental assessment neuroprotection and modification for injury Counseling/Education: prevention -Lifestyle interventions: Emergency transportation (physical activity, diet modification, and communication services

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
ADULT WOMEN (20-60 y/o)	Public health policy development Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction Regulation on: firecracker use smoking and alcohol use Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) Mass casualty management Barangay health emergency response team (BHERT) Community Mobilization and Development Environmental assessment	MASTER	smoking cessation, alcohol consumption) -Hypertension management and control - Blood sugar and serum lipid control Headache - Clinical: Assessment if caused by secondary disease - Therapeutic Management Major Depressive Disorder - DOC: TCAs, SSRI (for elderly, TCA contraindicated) Anxiety Disorders - Clinical: brown bag, referral to psychiatrist for cognitive behavioral therapy Schizophrenia - Clinical: Referral to psychiatrist, then community-based treatment - DOC: antipsychotics Bipolar Disorder - Clinical: Referral to psychiatrist, geriatrician neurologist then psychosocial + community-based treatment - Therapeutic Management and Rehabilitation, as necessary Dysthymia
-	and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services	DC: NS Daile. 314/19	 Clinical: Referral to psychiatrist for episodic psychosocial treatment Therapeutic Management

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
ADULT	Public health policy development	and the state of t	Alzheimer Disease and other Dementias
ADOLI	 Omnibus Policy on Disaster 		Clinical: Homecare, Referral to
WOMEN	Risk Reduction		neurologist, psychiatrist, or geriatrician,
	• Regulation on:		then community based follow-up and
(20-60 y/o)	 firecracker use smoking and alcohol use 		counseling (including family counseling)
			Epîlepsy
	Disaster preparation and		Clinical: Referral to neurologist
	response		Therapeutic Management and
	SPEED syndromic surveillance		Rehabilitation, as necessary
	Risk communication		Counseling/Education
	Risk management and Early		-Self management of patient with
	warning system Incident command	; 1	epilepsy
	system/OPCEN	 	MUSCULOSKELETAL DISORDERS
	Deployment of self-sufficient		Clinical: Comprehensive assessment
	health team responders and		(determine if complicated or not), Screen
	volunteers	i	for occupational health risks, counseling
	Mobile health care services		on lifestyle modification, physiotherapy,
	Women friendly spaces and		community based physical rehabilitation
	evacuation centers		
	 Mobilization of prepositioned 		CANCER
	logistics/resources (clean	·	 For definitive diagnosis and management
	delivery kits)		Referral to secondary or tertiary facility
	Resilient health facilities with		TRIMIDIC
	DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS)	6.6.2.032	INJURIES Motor vehicle road injuries
	Mass casualty management	MASTER	Clinical: pre-hospital emergency services
	Barangay health emergency	/ COPY	- first aid, ambulance services, referral
	response team (BHERT)	3/4/19	instally unbalance services, referrin
THE BATTLE BE METAL	Surveillance and monitoring of	Clinical Dele	Assault by firearm
ELDERLY MEN	the population's health status	Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment	Clinical: Immediate Assessment, First Aid
(>60va)	Cancer Registry	- History and Physical Examination	and Transport to Nearest Tertiary Facility
(>60yo)	Surveillance system	- General Vision Screening	
•	 Crisis helplines (self-harm) 	- Hearing Screening	Self-harm
	and the same of th	Oral health examination	Clinical: Clinical: Immediate Assessment,
ELDERLY MEN	and ordered to the state of the	 Counseling (physical activity, substance use, smoking, diet and nutrition) 	First Aid and Transport to Nearest Tertiary Facility

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for	
		Well Individuals	
(>60yo)	Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) STH: Albendazole and/or Mebendazole Filariasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas Referral and Transportation Services as Nee First-aid, referral, counsel on home modificate fall prevention Laboratory Blood chemistry Fasting blood glucose Oral glucose tolerance test Lipid profile FOBT & Sigmoidoscopy or Colonoscopy espect foot identify those at high risk PSA test and DRE (if 70+, per discretion of positive transportation Services as Nee First-aid, referral, counsel on home modificate fall prevention Laboratory Fasting blood glucose Oral glucose tolerance test Lipid profile FOBT to identify those at high risk PSA test and DRE (if 70+, per discretion of positive transportation Services as Nee First-aid, referral, counsel on home modificate fall prevention Laboratory Fasting blood glucose Oral glucose FOBT to identify those at high risk PSA test and DRE (if 70+, per discretion of positive transportation Services as Nee		
	Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Services for PWDs and other special groups	Drugs and Medicines Influenza vaccine Pneumococcal Vaccine (PPV) Other vaccines as recommended by NIP Condom	
	Health communication and dissemination strategies Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases	MASTER COPY Doc: MS Date: 3(4)(9)	
ELDERLY WOMEN (>60yo)	Surveillance and monitoring of the population's health status Cancer registry Surveillance system Crisis helplines (self-harm)	Clinical Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment History and Physical Examination General Vision Screening Hearing Screening Oral health examination	

Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals

 On Follow-up: Referral to Psychiatrist for Psychiatric Assessment

OPHTHALMOLOGIC

 Clinical: Snellen's chart; refer for corrective lenses; refer for cataract and other retinopathy for evaluation and other management

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Note: Contact Tracing Should Be Done in the Community

Blood extraction and send referral for laboratory confirmation (vaccine preventable diseases)

Rabies

 Referral to ABTC & provision of anti-Rabies vaccine (as needed)

Dengue

- Lab: CBC, Blood Typing, Bleeding Parameters. RDT
- Therapeutic Management: fluid replacement/therapy;
- Referral to higher level facility for management (as indicated)

HIV/AIDS and STDs

- Clinical: refer to social hygiene clinics, contact tracing, if newborns: early ID and referral
- Lab: HIV rapid test, confirmatory test @NRL/ SLH SACCL or treatment hub, PPD test
- DOC: condoms, ART, antibiotics (for STD)

	Population Level	Primary Care Services for Well Individuals	Primary Care Services for Sick Individuals
ELDERLY WOMEN (>60yo)	Prevention and control of endemic diseases Integrated Vector Control Management Mass Drug Administration (for Soil Transmitted Helminths, Schistosomiasis, and Filariasis) Sthistosomiasis, and Filariasis: Sthistosomiasis: Diethyl Carbamazine (DEC) – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas Schistosomiasis: Praziquantel – for endemic areas Assurance of quality and accessibility of services Establishment of Women & Child Protection Unit in all hospitals Services for PWDs and other special groups Health communication and dissemination strategies Community Health and Nutrition Education: Non-exposure to cigarette smoke and unhealthy food Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Occupational health Infectious diseases Injury prevention – falls, burns, poisoning,	Counseling (physical activity, substance use, smoking, diet and nutrition) Clinical breast examination Referral and transportation Service as Needed First-aid, referral, counsel on home modification for fall prevention Laboratory Blood chemistry Fasting blood glucose Oral glucose tolerance test Lipid profile (until 80 years old) FOBT & Sigmoidoscopy or Colonoscopy especially FOBT to identify those at high risk Pap smear or VIA (<70yo) HIV Test TB Sputum Test CXR ECG Drugs and Medicines Vitamin D supplement Influenza vaccine Pneumococcal Vaccine (PPV) Other vaccines as recommended by NIP	Typhoid Fever If uncomplicated: Labs: CBC, Stool Exam DOC: ORS, Antibiotics, anti-parasitic medication, steroids Therapeutic management for uncomplicated typhoid fever Supportive therapy, referral for surgery STH Population: MDA of entire community Labs: Stool examination DOC: Iron for management of anemia Measles Lab: IgM blood test and send to RITM DOC: Vitamin A, Measles-containing vaccine, paracetamol, ORT/PRS Malaria Lab: Blood smear, Rapid Diagnostic Test for Malaria Therapeutic management Leprosy Therapeutic management Filariasis Therapeutic management Lab: Nocturnal blood smear Schistosomiasis Therapeutic management Lab: Kato katz examination

	drowning, road traffic injuries - Mental health - Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity - Mental health	Well Individuals	Individuals NUTRITION Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron Deficiency, Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious Malignant Lesions)
WOMEN (>60yo)	injuries - Mental health - Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		Evaluation of Anemia (Eg. Iron Deficiency, Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
WOMEN (>60yo)	- Mental health - Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		Anemia of Renal Disease, Anemia of Chronic Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
(>60yo)	- Promotion on the use of fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		Chronic Illness) Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
	fortified foods including iodized salt - Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		 Clinical: Referral to specialists Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
	- Food safety Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		 Lab: CBC Appropriate Therapeutic Management DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
	Information Campaign on: - Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		 DERMATOLOGY Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
	- Healthy diet - Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		 Clinical: Referral to specialists Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
• E	- Smoking and tobacco use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		 Management of Dermatologic Conditions (Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
• E	use - Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		(Eg. Atopic, Irritant Contact, Bacterial and Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
o E	- Drug and alcohol use - Physical activity		Fungal Infections, and Suspicious
• E	- Physical activity		
o E	- Mental health		: MARKANTELACIONE)
• E			Manghane bestons)
• E	- Road safety		ł 1
• E	- Reproductive health		
• E	(sexuality and gender- based violence)		,
o E	- Dementia and		
• E	Alzheimer's disease		
o E	- Injuries		
• E	Promotion of violence-free,		
• E	drug-free and healthy		•
• E	workplace		
• E	Enrollment of patients in the disease registries		
	Enrollment to PhilHealth		
,	Media campaigns:		
	- Lifestyle modifications:		
4 Marie	- Healthy Diet (Reducing		
	saturated fat content)		
-	- Physical Activity	•	MACTED
Comm	nunity Mobilization and		MASTER
	AND		COPY .
• E	opment		DC: NS Date: 3/4/19

and modification for injury prevention Emergency transportation and communication services	возментняе возготочен от	The state of the s
1		
Public health policy development Omnibus Policy on Disaster Risk Reduction Regulation on: firecracker use smoking and alcohol use Disaster preparation and response SPEED syndromic surveillance Risk communication Risk management and Early warning system Incident command system/OPCEN Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers Mobile health care services Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS)		MASTER / COPY
I	Risk Reduction Regulation on: - firecracker use - smoking and alcohol use Disaster preparation and response - SPEED syndromic surveillance - Risk communication - Risk management and Early warning system - Incident command system/OPCEN - Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers - Mobile health care services - Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers - Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) - Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident	Risk Reduction Regulation on: - firecracker use - smoking and alcohol use Disaster preparation and response - SPEED syndromic surveillance - Risk communication - Risk management and Early warning system - Incident command system/OPCEN - Deployment of self-sufficient health team responders and volunteers - Mobile health care services - Women friendly spaces and evacuation centers - Mobilization of prepositioned logistics/resources (clean delivery kits) - Resilient health facilities with DRRM plans and incident command system (ICS) - Mass casualty management - Barangay health emergency

ANNEX B: Philippine burden of disease data – 2013 Global Burden of Disease (GDB) Institute of Health Metrics and Evaluation (EHIME)

Table 1. List of top 48 diseases and corresponding Disability Adjusted Life Year (DALY)

Rank	Disease	Average DALYs
1	Ischemic Heart Disease	81,154.23
2	Lower Respiratory Infections	58,443.47
3	Tuberculosis	39,219.37
4	Diabetes mellitus	35,905.89
5	Hemorrhagic Stroke	35,039.81
6	Low Back Pain	32,836.87
7	Preterm Birth Complications	30,386.48
8	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease	25,596.92
9	Ischemic Stroke	24,223.59
10	Iron-Deficiency Anemia	21,621.58
11	Asthma	17,578.61
12	Congenital Heart Anomalies	16,644.77
13	Major Depressive Disorder	14,467.71
14	Diarrheal diseases	14,406.30
15	Hypertensive Heart Disease	14,163.26
16	Tracheal, bronchus, and lung cancer	13,975.65
17	Neonatal encephalopathy due to birth asphyxia and trauma	-13,937.39
18	Migraine	13,675.00
19	Drowning	10,632.21
20	Neonatal sepsis and other neonatal infections	10,436.84
21	Neck Pain	10,355.23
22	Typhoid Fever	9,570.98
23	Motor vehicle road injuries	9,468.65
24	Exposure to forces of nature, disaster	9,268.86
25	Breast Cancer	8,704.22
26	Anxiety Disorders	8,609.30
27	Peptic ulcer disease	7,906.25
28	Measles	7,892.11
29	Schizophrenia	7,848.88
30	HIV/AIDS resulting in other diseases	7,645.69
31	Chronic kidney disease, unspecified	7,481.54
32	Assault by sharp object	7,202.83
33	Assault by firearm	7,087.89
. 34	Epilepsy	6,764.62
1 35	Collective violence and legal intervention	6,736.24
36	Colon and rectum cancer	6,676.77
_ 37	Leukemia	6,298.18
38	Rheumatic Heart Disease	6,200.77
39	Alzheimer Disease and other Dementias	6,146.69
40	Self-Harm	5,952.66
41	Uncorrected refractive error	5,893.98

42	Protein-energy malnutrition	5,740.97
43	Dermatitis	4,821.35
44	Trichuriasis	4,759.89
45	Bipolar Disorder	4,269.72
46	Dysthymia	4,174.31
47	Falls	4,095.21
48	Dengue	4,090.93

Reference:

Wong, J.Q. Technical Assisatnce to the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation in Developing a Benefit Development Plan – Phase I. EpiMetrics. pp. 17-23



FOLLOW UP (shall apply if diagnosed with any disease INITIAL **Essential Services** condition not limited to AGE, UTI, URTI, (Free shall apply to member or 1 of (based on AO 2017-0012: Guidelines on the Adoption Pneumonia low risk, Asthma, Hypertension Lifestage group his/her dependent only) of Baseline Primary Health Care Guarantees for All and DM II requiring any of the listed essential Filipinos) services) **GOVERNMENT** PRIVATE GOVERNMENT PRIVATE Medical Consultation Fee with or without laboratory 50.00* REGULAR FEE 50.00* 75.00 Health screening and assessment with consultation 75.00 FREE 50.00* Laboratory/Diagnostic Services A. 0-12 months 92.00 CBC FREE 46.00 CBC B. >1-4 years FREE 46.00 92.00 FREE 22.00 45.00 **Fecalysis** 63.00 Urinalysis FREE 32.00 C. 5-9 years old CBC 92.00 FREE 46.00 45.00 **Fecalysis** FREE 22.00 Urinalysis FREE 32.00 63.00 D. 10-19 years old Paps smear (as applicable) 54.00 FREE 27.00 Urinalysis FREE 32.00 63.00 **Fecalysis** 22.00 45.00 FREE CBC FREE 46.00 92.00 Chest X-ray FREE 83.00 124.00 E. 20-60 years old (female) Paps smear(as applicable) 27.00 54.00 FREE Chest X-ray 83.00 124.00 FREE Lipid Profile 92.00 183.00 FREE FBS (for follow up) 37.00 73.00 -Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (for initial) FREE 85.00 168.00 139.00 Sputum microscopy (as applicable e.g. Suspected TB) FREE 90.00 ECG (for 30 y/o and up) 188.00 FREE 94.00 F. 20-60 years old (male) Chest X-ray FREE 83.00 124.00 Lipid Profile FREE 92.00 183.00 73.00 FBS (for follow up) 37.00 Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (for initial) FREE 85.00 168.00 139.00 Sputum microscopy (as applicable e.g. Suspected TB) FREE 70.00 ECG (for 30 y/o and up) FREE 94.00 188.00 54.00 G. > 60 years old Pap smear (for female) FREE 27.00 FREE 83.00 124.00 Chest X-ray 183.0¢ Lipid Profile FREE 92.00 73.0d 37.00 FBS (for follow up) FREE 85.00 168.00

FREE

FREE

Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (for initial)

ECG

Sputum microscopy (as applicable e.g. Suspected TB)

139.00

188.00

70.00

94.00

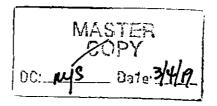
^{*}For government HCIs, fixed co-payment for initial and follow-up medical consult shall apply if the consultation was sought beyond the prescribed extended OPD consultation hours.

MEDICINES	STRENGTH/ FORM/ VOLUME	INITIAL / FOLLOW-UP (shall apply if diagnosed with any disease condition not limited to AGE, UTI, URTI, Pneumonia low risk, Asthma, Hypertension and DM II requiring any of the listed medicines)	
		GOVERNMENT	PRIVATE
1. Amoxicillin	100 mg/mL, 10 mL Drops	25.00	50.00
	100 mg/mL, 15 mL Drops	19.00	38.00
	125 mg/5mL, 60 mL Suspension	23.00	45.00
	250 mg/5mL, 60 mL Suspension	43.00	84.00
	250 mg Capsule	1.00	2.00
	500 mg Capsule	3.00	5.00
2. Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 125 mg Tablet	14.00	27.00
Clavulanate)	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 62.5 mg/5 mL, 100 mL Suspension	87.00	171.00
	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 62.5 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension	86.00	170.00
	400 mg (As Trihydrate) + 57 mg/5 mL, 70 mL Suspension	145.00	287.00
	500 mg (As Trihydrate) + 125 mg Tablet	15.00	29.00
	1 g Tablet	24.00	48.00
	200 mg (As Trihydate) + 28.50 mg/5mL, 70 mL Suspension	94.00	186.00
3. Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole +	200 mg + 40 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension	12.00	24.00
Trimethoprim)	400 mg + 80 mg Capsule	1.00	2.00
	400 mg + 80 mg Tablet	1.00	2.00
	400 mg + 80 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension	21.00	41.00
	800 mg + 160 mg Tablet	2.00	3.00
4. Erythromycin	200 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension (As Ethyl Succinate)	26.00	51.00
	500 mg Tablet (As Stearate)	3.00	7.00
5. Fluticasone + Salmeterol	125 mcg (As Propionate) + 25 mcg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler	163.00	323.00
	250 mcg (As Propionate) + 25 mcg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler	247.00	489.00
	50 mcg (As Propionate) + 25 mcg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler	118.00	233.00
6. Ofloxacin	200 mg Tablet	19.00	38.00
7. Oral Rehydration Salts	20.5 g Sachet	STED 4.00	8.00
8. Prednisone	10 mg Tablet	1.00	4.00
	10 ° (5 T (0 T S)	59.00	116.00
	20 mg Tablet DC: WS	Date: 3419 3.00	6.00
	5 mg Tablet	1.00	2.00

Page 2 of 3 of Annex 8

MEDICINES	STRENGTH/ FORM/ VOLUME	INITIAL / FOLLOW-UP (shall apply if diagnosed with any disease condition not limited to AGE, UTI, URTI, Pneumonia low risk, Asthma, Hypertension and DM II requiring any of the listed medicines)	
		GOVERNMENT	PRIVATE
9. Salbutamol (as Sulfate) + Ipratropium	500 mcg (As Bromide Anhydrous) + 2.5 mg (As		· ·
Bromide	Base) x 2.5 mL (unit dose) Respiratory Solution	13.00	26.00
10. Salbutamol	1 mg/mL, 2.5 mL (unit dose) Nebule (As Sulfate)	6.00	11.00
	100 mcg/dose x 200 soses Metered Dose Inhaler (As Sulfate)	105.00	208.00
	2 mg Tablet (As Sulfate)	1.00	1.00
	2 mg/5mL, 60 mL Syrup (As Sulfate)	24.00	48.00
	2 mg/mL, 2.5 mL (unit dose) Nebule (As Sulfate)	5.00	10.00
11. Paracetamol	100 mg/mL, 15 mL Drops	23.00	45.00
	250mg/5 mL, 60 mL Bottle	43.00	85.00
	500 mg Tabler	1.00	2.00
12. Simvastatin	10 mg Tablet	2.00	4.00
	20 mg Tablet	3.00	7.00
	40 mg Tablet	5.00	11.00
13. Gliclazide	30 mg MR Tablet	3.00	6.00
	60 mg MR Tablet	9.00	18.00
	80 mg Tablet	3.00	6.00
14. Metformin Hydrochloride	500 mg Tablet (As Hydrochloride)	2.00	3.00
	850 mg Tablet (As hydrochloride)	3.00	7.00
15. Enalapril	10 mg Tablet (As Maleate)	4.00	8.00
	20 mg Tablet (As Maleate)	6.00	11.00
2222222	5 mg Tablet (As Maleate)	4.00	7.00
16. Metoprolol	100 mg Tablet (As Tartrate)	2.00	5.00
	50 mg Tablet (As Tartrate)	1.00	3.00
17. Amlodipine	10 mg Tablet (As Besilate/Camsylate)	5.00	10.00
	5 mg Tablet (As Besilate/Camsylate)	3.00	7.00
18. Hydrochlorothiazide + Losartan	50 mg + 12.5 mg Tablet	7.00	14.00

Page 3 of 3 of Annex B



Accreditation Survey Tool for the Expanded Primary Care Benefit (EPCB) Health Care Institution (HCI)

Name of Health Care Institution:	
Address:	
Date of Survey:	-

A. Eligible health facilities

- 1. Phill-lealth accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospitals, infirmaries, ambulatory surgical clinics
- 2. Medical outpatient clinics (e.g. HMO clinics)

B. Accreditation Requirements

Instructions:

- Indicate the type of provider being evaluated by placing a tick mark on the selection.
- For each of the items in the (4) categories of standards, indicate compliance by writing YES or NO in the appropriate column of the facility being evaluated.

Accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic	Nedical outpatient clinic	PHIC	REMARKS
L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic	outpatient		
Do nor fill			
1904101,111			
			If none, Certification of service delivery support issued by the referral facility (see Annex H of the Circular)
			If none, Certification of service delivery support issued by the nearest qualified referral facility (see Annex H of the Circular) If none, Certification of

ı		PRO	VIDERS	PHIC	
		Accredited L1	Medical	11110	1
		L2, and L3	outpatient		
	INDICATORS	hospital	clinic		
	FOR ACCREDITATION	Accredited			REMARKS
	STANDARDS	_ infirmary			REDWINKS
		Accredited			
		ambulatory surgical clinic			
		surgical chilic			
	licensed pharmacy.				service delivery support
	Check the availability of valid				issued by the nearest
	FDA license				qualified referral facility
ŀ					(see Annex H of the
	1.5 The EPCB HCI has a		_ -		Circular)
	current Mayor's Permit.	Do not fill			
	1.6 The EPCB HCI has a				-
	policy indicating it provides the				
	following services as required by PhilHealth Circular No.				
	XXXX-XXXX;				
	Health screening and		_ 		
-	assessment,			_ 	
7	consultation and				
- [treatment of				
	uncomplicated upper respiratory infections,				
	low-risk pneumonia,				
á	low-risk pneumonia, acute gastroenteritis,				
d	urinary tract infection,				
.€	asthma.				
:	Cervical cancer				
	assessment using visual acetic acid				
	and/or Paps smear				
	Breast examination				
	 Digital rectal exam 				
	(for males)				
	Diabetes screening				
	1.7 The EPCB HCI has a				
	policy on providing services during weekends (at least 1 every				
	week) and during the extended				
	hours of the clinic until 8:00 pm				
- }	on weekdays to accommodate				
}	patient needs. 1.8 The EPCB HCI has a				
-	policy and procedures for				
	referral of patients to higher				
	level of care, when needed.				
	1.9 The EPCB HCI has				
	adequate and appropriate				
	information materials (e.g. flyers, brochures, posters,				
	audio visual presentation) on				
- [health and wellness such as				
	anti-smoking, and promotion				
	of proper diet, exercise, and				
	immunization.				
	2.0 Well-placed signages to				
İ	ensure ease of access of PCB clients to the consultation area]	
Į	energy to the consultation area				

Γ		PRO	VIDERS	PHIC	
	INDICATORS FOR ACCREDITATION STANDARDS	Accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic	Medical Outpatient clinic		REMARKS
ľ	and ancillary services.				
	2.1 The fixed co-payment rates are posted in a conspicuous area in the consultation room/area.				
	2.2 The EPCB HCI has clearly posted information on the extended hours of the clinic.				Signage indicating hours of operation clearly posted.
	 2.3 A clean, adequate, and safe area for PCB consultations and examinations that ensures privacy and confidentiality. Designated examination area, not necessarily a separate room 	·		. ——	
	 With structures for assuring that patients' privacy is respected (eg. partitions or covers in consultation or examination areas; there is reasonable distance 		<u></u>		
ļ	between patients for auditory and visual privacy).			•	
	2.4 Adequate lighting/ electric	- 			
ŀ	supply 2.5 Adequate clean water				
ļ	supply				
ļ	2.6 Well ventilated waiting area with adequate seats for patients				
	2.7 The EPCB HCI has the basic equipment and supplies for required services, including: Non-mercurial BP apparatus Non-mercurial				If any ONE of the items is missing, mark NO.
7	thermometer				
	Stethoscope Weighing scale (adult)				
İ	Weighing scale (infant)				
لر	Tape measure		l		
۵	Tape measure				
Q	Lubricating jelly				
4	Disposable needles and				
	Sterile cotton balls/				
_	♣ Applicator stick				
-	Disposable gloves				
	Specimen cups/ bottles)
	 Sterilizer or its equivalent (auto clave) 				

	PRC	VIDERS	PHIC	
INDICATORS FOR ACCREDITATION STANDARDS	Accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic	Medical outpatient clinic		REMARKS
 Vaginal speculum (big) Vaginal speculum (small) Decontamination solutions 70% Isopropyl alcohol 3% to 5% acetic acid Glass slides Storage cabinet for sterile instruments and supplies 2.8 Availability of EPCB medicines: 				
medicines: • Generic				
Branded				,
 2.9 A designated, secure and appropriate drug storage area for EPCB medicines. Storage rooms/shelves or cabinets where medicines and controlled drugs are kept is properly secured. If locked, ask who holds the key to the storage There are visual discriminators such as signs or markers that are helpful to differentiate medications from one another; this is to avoid confusion between strengths, similar-looking labels and names that sound or look familiar Observe where expired medicines are kept, if any 				If the storage area is the same as the facility's main pharmacy, the EPCB HCI should at least be able to demonstrate that there is a separate inventory of the drugs used for PCB. If any ONE of the items is not complied with, mark NO.
2.10 The EPCB HCI has a clean and functional toilet with adequate supply of water, and wash area.	Do not fill			
2.11 There is adequate infection control and risk management, including: Availability of a sink, with adequate water and soap for handwashing Use of puncture proof receptacles for disposed sharps and needles Use of gloves, masks Staff observes	Do not fill	——————————————————————————————————————		
handwashing techniques Properly segregated and	Bell Service (Service Service			

	PRO	VIDERS	PHIC	<u> </u>
INDICATORS FOR ACCREDITATION STANDARDS	Accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary	Medical Outpatient clinic		REMARKS
	Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic			
marked waste bins	AND THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF THE STATE OF T			
2.12 The EPCB HCI has a designated area for sputum collection. The area is				
provided with:				
A sink with adequate water supply and soap is located near the collection area for	ļ ———		<u> </u>	
handwashing.				
2.13 PhilHealth certified Electronic Medical Record (EMR) or its equivalent, is				-
installed and operational in the PCB consultation area of the facility and is safe and accessible to all members of				
the health care team.			•	
3.1 A PhilHealth accredited physician (preferably General Practitioner or Family				
Physician) is on site for the duration of clinic hours.				
3.2 A duly licensed nurse is on				
site for the duration of clinic hours.				1. Ask for the DSSM
3.3 Å microscopist trained in Direct Sputum Smear Microscopy (DSSM) is on site on designated schedules. • A Certificate of Training for DSSM is given separate for a microscopist, who may not necessarily be a medical technologist.				Certificate of the microscopist. The requirements for a trained medical technologist, and radiology technician are deemed complied with if the facility has a DOH license for laboratory, and radiology, respectively.
M/3 Bale: 3/4/1				2. If the microscopist is a shared resource across several facilities, the facility must be able to show proof that the microscopist has a regular schedule for DSSM services.
DQ				3. If the sputum is collected in other laboratory, the facility must be able to present a Certificate of

	PRO	VIDERS	PHIC	T
INDICATORS FOR ACCREDITATION STANDARDS	Accredited L1, L2, and L3 hospital Accredited infirmary Accredited ambulatory surgical clinic	Medical Outpatient clinic		REMARKS
4.1 Individual health profiles in				Service Delivery Support. Ask for print outs of an
EMR or equivalent				individual health profile from the EMR
4.2 Monthly and annual Report of PCB services availed by PhilHealth members				Ask for a sample report generated from the EMR
4.3 Record of PCB drugs inventory (see Annex B of the Circular for the list of drugs)				Electronic system generated reports are acceptable; logbook
4.4 Record of laboratory supplies inventory or attached valid DOH LTO of the service delivery provider (referral facility)				Electronic System generated reports are acceptable; logbook
4.5 Record of radiology supplies inventory or attached valid DOH LTO of the service delivery provider (referral facility)				Electronic system generated reports are acceptable; logbook
4.6 Record of submission of Notifiable diseases (per DOH AO No. 2008-0009 "Adopting the 2008 Revised List of Notifiable Diseases, Syndromes, Health-Related Events and Conditions") for hospital and infirmaries or Top 10 outpatient cases for other HCIs				Copy of report submitted

C. Accreditation Decision Rule

A NO response in any of the above minimum requirements disqualifies the provider for EPCB accreditation.

Prepared by:	
3/4/8	(Designation)
STEP OPY Date	
A A trested correct by:	Head of Facility/ Medical Director/ Chief of Hospital
ای	(Signature over name and date signed)



Republic of the Philippines PHILIPPINE HEALTH INSURANCE CORPORATION

Citystate Centre. 709 Shaw Boulevard, Pasig City Call Center (02) 441-7442 Trunkline (02) 441-7444 www.philhealth.gov.ph

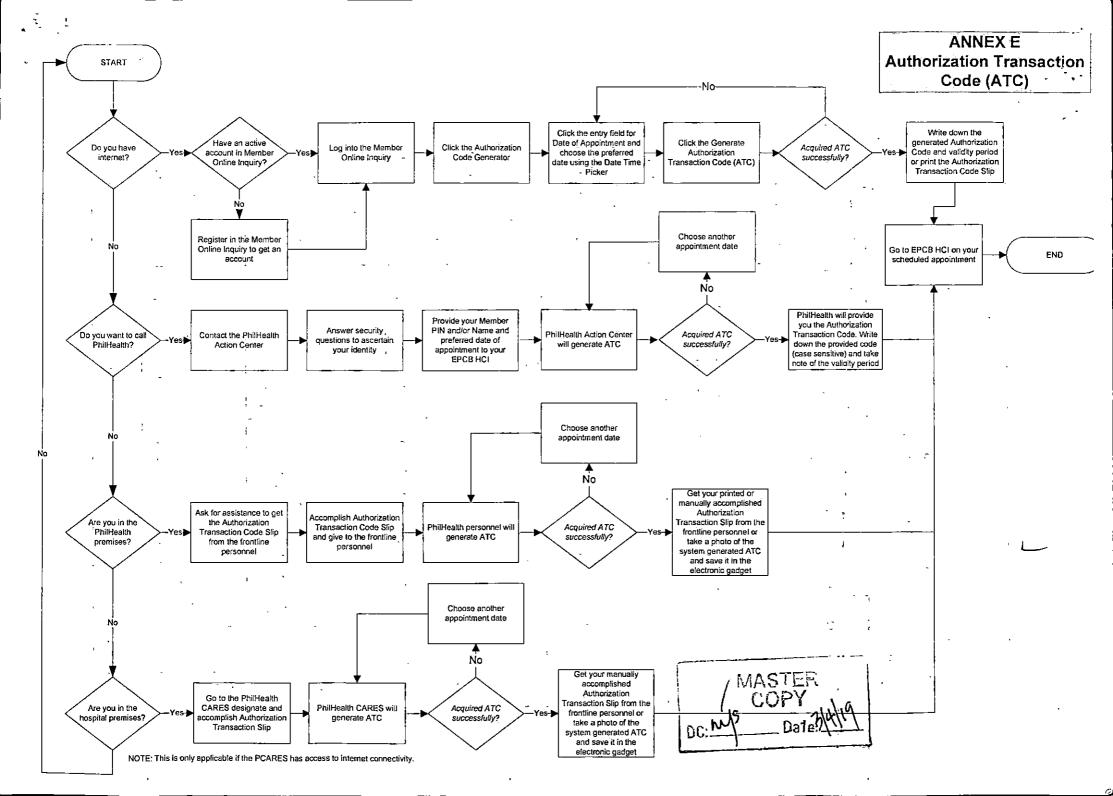


Annex D

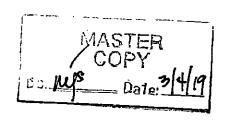
TRANSFER REQUEST FORM

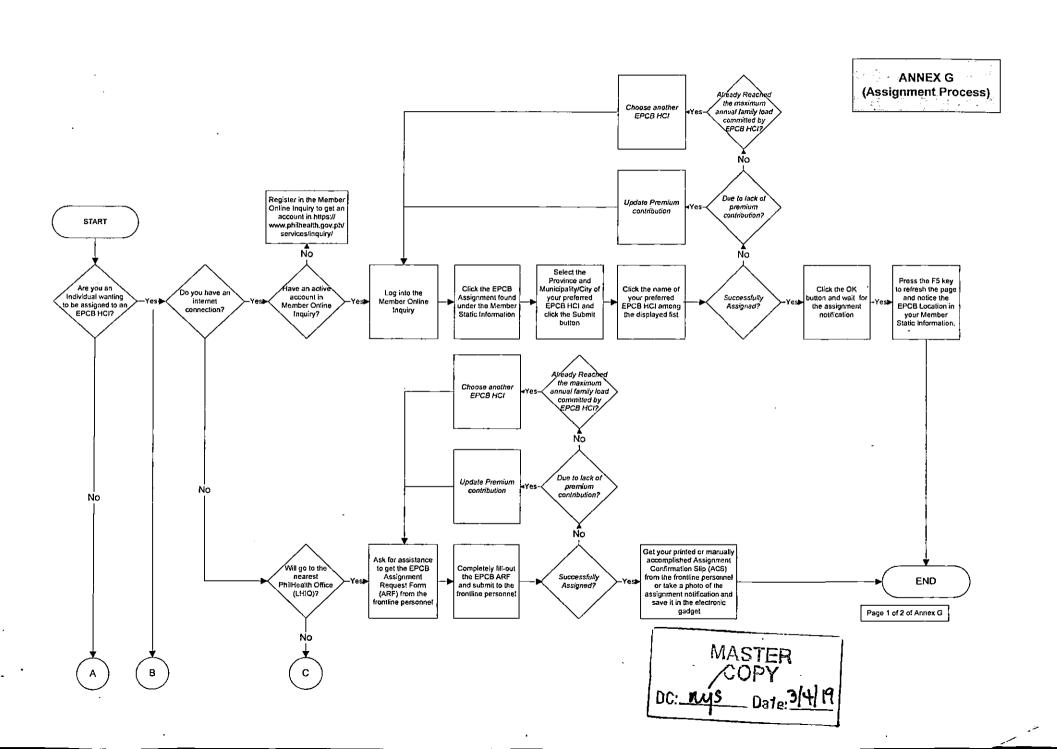
(pagpapalipat ng Expanded PCB provider)

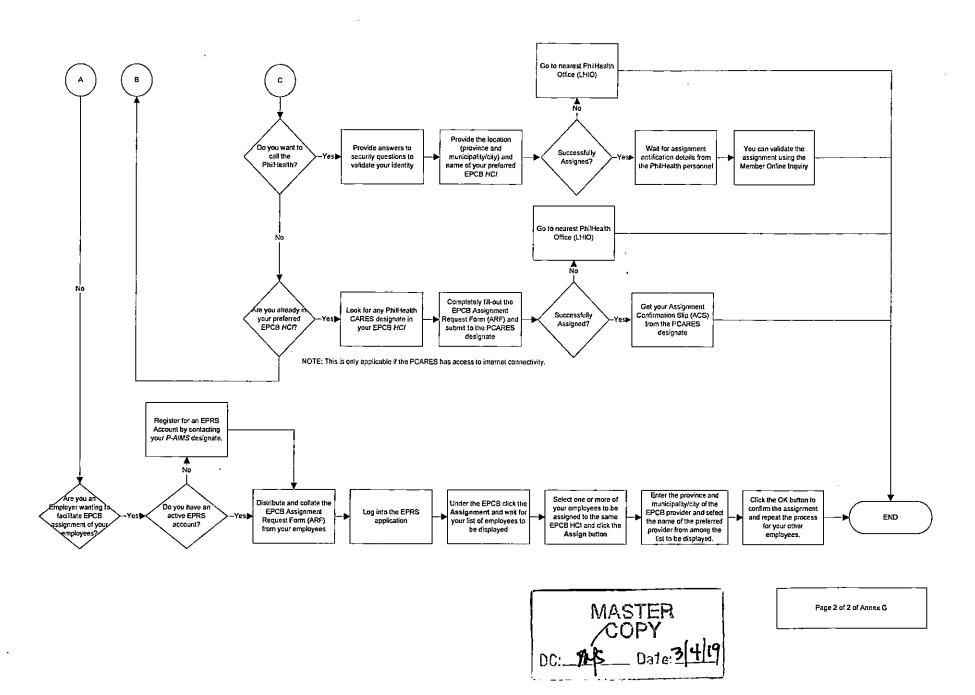
	Ako po si $PANGALAN NG MIYEMBRO$ ay nais lumipat ng Expanded PCB provider (pangalan ng $PCB1$ provider na lilipatan) sa kadahilanang: (lagyan ng \checkmark)
	Lumipat ako ng tirahan
	Malayo ang kasalukuyang Expanded PCB provider ko
	Mahirap puntahan ang kasalukuyang Expanded PCB provider ko
	Mas gusto ko ang serbisyo sa lilipatang Expanded PCB provider
	At iba pang dahilan (ibigay ang detalye)
- 6	<u> </u>
Date: 344	Nilagdaan noong, sa araw ng, taong
3	
- PG	(Pangalan at Lagda ng miyembro) (Representative ng kasalukuyang Expanded PCB provider) Pangalan at Lagda
	PhilHealth ID Number: Position:
	Kaarawan: Pangalan ng lilipatang Expanded PCB provider: Address:
	Gabay at panuto:
	*Ang miyembro ay dapat ipakita ang form na ito sa lilipatang Expanded PCB provider *Ang lilipatang Expanded PCB provider ay dapat tanggapin at pahintulutan ang paglipat ng miyembro *Para sa mga Indigent at LGU-Sponsored na miyembro, ang form na ito ay dapat ipasa ng nilipatang Expanded PCB provider sa Local Health Insurance Office (LHIO).



	No. of newly as	signed member	Risk Based C	apitation Fee			
Month	Senior Citizen/ Lifetime Members	Formal Economy	Senior Citizen/Life-time	Formal Economy	Total PFP	60% PFP (monthly release)	40% Remaining PFP
	Wembers		900.00	700.00			
January 2018	750	750	675,000.00	525,000.00	1,200,000.00		
February	700	500	630,000.00	350,000.00	980,000.00		
March	800	500	720,000.00	350,000.00	1,070,000.00	720,000.00	(480,000.00)
April	200	300	180,000.00	210,000.00	390,000.00	588,000.00	(392,000.00)
May	450	450	405,000.00	315,000.00	720,000.00	642,000.00	(428,000.00)
June	500	400	450,000.00	280,000.00	730,000.00	234,000.00	(156,000.00)
July	500	800	450,000.00	560,000.00	. 1,010,000.00	432,000.00	(288,000.00)
August	1000	500	900,000.00	350,000.00	1,250,000.00	438,000.00	(292,000.00)
September	500	400	450,000.00	280,000.00	730,000.00	606,000.00	(404,000.00)
October				-		750,000.00	(500,000.00)
November				-		438,000.00	(292,000.00)
December			-	-		0.00	-
						0.00	-
Total for 2018	5,400	4,600	4,860,000.00	3,220,000.00	8,080,000.00	4,848,000.00	
January 2019							3,232,000.00







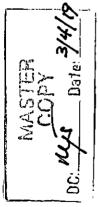
LOGO

Letterhead of the referral facility

CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE DELIVERY SUPPORT

This is to certify that our institution is PhilHealth accredited/DOH licensed and is part of a Service Delivery Network as a referral facility and/or service provider in behalf of (Name of referring facility) for the PhilHealth Primary Care Benefit from (validity period). As a SDN partner, we shall provide the following services:

O Diagnostic	r _{ee}
☐ Laboratory	
O Lipid Profile	O Fecalysis
O Complete Blood Count (CBC)	O Fasting Blood Sugar
O Sputum Microscopy	O Urinalysis
O Chest Xray	O Visual Inspection with Acetic Acid/Pap Smea
O ECG	O Oral Glucose Tolerance Test (OGTI)
Further, this institution shall not charge any f	ees directly from the referred patient but shall
	with (Name of referring facility) for services
This certification is being issued for PhilHealth a	ccreditation and monitoring purposes.
CERTIFIED BY:	CONCURRED BY:
Referral Facility	Referring Facility
Medical Director/Administrative Officer	Medical Director/Administrative Officer
Name and signature and designation	Name and signature and designation



LOGO

Letterhead of the referral facility

CERTIFICATION OF SERVICE DELIVERY SUPPORT

This is to certify that our institution is FDA licensed and is part of a Service Delivery Network as a referral facility and/or service provider in behalf of (Name of referring facility) for the Phill lealth Primary Care Benefit from (validity period). As a SDN partner, we shall provide the following services:

C J. All Expanded PCB Drugs	\bigcirc	All Expanded PCB Drugs	
-----------------------------	------------	------------------------	--

\circ	Specific	Drug/s	folease	check)
~	C T / C C S C I C		71	care en,

\bigcap	Medicine Generic Name	Strength/Form/ Volume	$\overline{}$	Medicine Generic Name	Strength/Form/ Volume
	Amoxicillin	100 mg/mL, 10 mL Drops		Prednisone	20 mg Tablet
	Amoxicillin	100 mg/mL, 15 mL Drops		Prednisone	5 mg Tablet
	Amoxicillin	125 mg/5ml., 60 ml. Suspension		Salbutamol (as Sulfare) + Ipratropium Bromide	500 mcg (As Bromide Anhydrous) + 2.5 mg (As Base) x 2.5 mL (unit dose) Respiratory Solution
	Amoxicillin	250 mg/5ml., 60 ml. Suspension		Salbutamol	1 mg/mL, 2.5 mL (unit dose) Nebule (As Sulfate)
	Amoxicillin	250 mg Capsule		Salbutaniol	100 mcg/dose x 200 soses Metered Dose Inhaler (As Sulfate)
	Amosicillin	500 mg Capsule		Salbutamol	2 mg Tablet (As Sulfate)
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 125 mg Tablet		Salbutamol	2 mg/5mL, 60 ml Syrup (As Sulfate)
	Co-Amoxiclay (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 62.5 mg/5 mL, 100 mL Suspension		Salbutamol	2 mg/ml., 2.5 ml. (unit dose) Nebule (As Sulfate)
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	250 mg (As Trihydrate) + 62.5 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension		Paracetamol	100 mg/mL, 15 mL Drops
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	400 mg (As Trihydrate) + 57 mg/5 mL, 70 mL Suspension		Paracetamol	250mg/5 ml., 60 ml., Bottle
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	500 mg (As Tribydrate) + 125 mg Tablet		Paracetamol	500 mg Tablet
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	1 g Tablet		Simvastatin	10 mg Tablet
	Co-Amoxiclav (Amoxicillin + Potassium Clavulanate)	200 mg (As Trihydate) + 28.50 mg/5mL, 70 mL Suspension		Simvastatin .	20 mg Tablet
	Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole + Trimethoprim)	200 mg + 40 mg/5 mL, 60 mL Suspension		Simvastatin	40 mg Tablet
	Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole + Trimethoprim)	400 mg + 80 mg Capsule		Gliclazide	30 mg MR Tablet
	Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole + Trimethoprim)	400 mg + 80 mg Tablet		Gliclazide .	60 mg MR Tablet
13,6	Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole + Trimethoprim)	400 mg + 80 mg/5 ml., 60 mL Suspension	\	Gliclazide	80 mg Tablet
	Cotrimoxazole (Sulfamethoxazole + ' <u>l'rimethoprim</u>)	800 mg + 160 mg Tablet		Metformin Hydrochloride	500 mg Tablet (As Hydrochloride)
3	Erythromycin	200 mg/5 ml., 60 ml. Suspension (As Ethyl Succinate)		Metformin Hydrochloride	850 mg Tablet (As hydrochloride)
	Krythromycin	500 mg Tablet (As Steamte)		Enalapril	10 mg Tablet (As Maleate)
ġ†	Fluticasone + Salmeterol	125 mcg (As Propionate) + 25 mcg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler		Enalapril	20 mg Tablet (As Maleate)
	Fluticasone + Salmeterol	250 meg (As Propionate) + 25 meg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler		Enalapril	5 mg Tablet (As Maleate)
	Fluticasone + Salmeterol	50 mcg (As Propionate) ± 25 mcg (As Xinafoate) x 120 doses Metered Dose Inhaler		Metoprolol	100 mg Tablet (As Tartrate)
	Ofloxacin	200 mg Tablet		Metoprolol	50 mg Tablet (As Tartrate)
	Oral Rehydration Salts	20.5 g Sachet		Amlodipine	10 mg Tablet (As Besilate/Camsylate)
	Prednisone	10 mg Tablet		Amlodipine	5 mg Tablet (As Besilate/Camsylate)
	Prednisone	10 mg /5 mL, 60 mL Suspension		Hydrochlorothiazide + Losartan	50 mg + 12.5 mg Tablet

Further, this institution shall not charge any fees directly from the referred patient but shall create the billing and payment arrangement with (Name of referring facility) for services provided.

This certification is being issued for Phill lealth accreditation and monitoring purposes.

CERTIFIED BY:	CONCURRED BY:
Referral Facility	Referring Facility
Head/Owner	Medical Director/Administrative Office
Signature over printed name	Signature over printed name
Date Signed:	Date Signed:

Accreditation Requirements

	Documents	Accredited Hospitals	Accredited Non- Hospital Facility	Non- accredited hospital	Non- accredited non-hospital facility
1.	Letter of Intent (LOI) to participate as an EPCB Provider	1	/		
2.	Valid DOH License/Business permit (as applicable)			/	V
3.	Performance Commitment (Rev3)	/		/	V
4.	Accreditation Fee (Php 1,000.00)	/	✓	V	/
5.	Provider data record			V	/
6.	Valid license for x-ray, secondary laboratory and pharmacy service or Certification of Service Delivery Support for the outsourced licensed service		~		~
7.	Fully Accomplished self assessment tool		/		/

